THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,342—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY—WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
27th May	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9821
2nd June	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
13th "	CALEDONIA	7536	...	...
18th "	DEVANHA	8092	MALWA	10883
1st July	HIMALAYA	6898	...	...
6th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
15th "	ARABIA	7933	.....	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
29th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
5th Aug	PALESTTE	6100	INDIA	7911
12th "	PERSIA	7951	...	...
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9909
26th "	CALEDONIA	7532	.....	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6100	MOREA	10909
9th "	OCEANA	6819	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6560	MONGOLIA	1305
23rd "	ARABIA	7933	.....	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9821

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

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The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

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Superintendent.

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SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4580	L. Manchini	15th June 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th July 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Manchini	15th August.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 523. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th June 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 235 and to HONGKONG Rs. 320.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO HAVRE AND ENGLAND
(Weymouth)
VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing about
s. s. Umvolosi	4,500	15th June 1911.

Fares Rs. 375 and Rs. 420.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

For further particulars, apply to:—

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Bombay.

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COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

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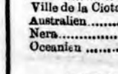
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.



INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	25th May	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	26th May	6 a.m.†	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	29th May	11 a.m.	P D & C M.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
*Forebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi. (Weather permitting).

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 25th May calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, sailing on Saturday, 27th May, calling at Ports as inducement offers, for particulars of which apply to the undersigned.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, sailing on or about Thursday, 15th June, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Muttra," 4644 tons, sailing on 24th May at 6 p. m.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

21th May, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Caledonien	4,130	Melbor	8th June 1911.
Sydney	4,113	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Siquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,533	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	X	23rd Nov. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	16th June.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	14th July.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Massilia	5091	Brown, R N R	9th June 1911
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	21st " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	11th July "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th Aug. "
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	21st " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	18th " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	937
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

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AGENTS, Bombay

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THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

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FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

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Madras	Kuala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Canton
Rangoon	Klanz (F. M. States)	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States)	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bankok	Hankow
Penang	Batavia	Yokohama
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Sourabaya	Kobe
	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

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RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 23,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

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CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

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Our latest importations of Hawkes' Glass reveal these makers as decorative artists no less than masters of the secret of crystal purity.

Some of the designs are very simple yet full of distinction and grace; among the more richly cut are examples of the striking effects possible to the glass workers' wheel.

Dinner and luncheon glasses, decanters, candle-sticks, flower-bowls and vases, trays—Hawkes' diversity will delight you.

If you have a wedding gift to choose, if your own needs include a charming bit of crystal or if you simply enjoy looking at beautiful things, we shall be glad to welcome you at our shop.

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THE ITALIAN STORES.

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PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
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Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

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The drink **YOU NEED** this Hot Weather is a **"VITALIA"** Cocktail

A Pleasant, Refreshing, Stimulating drink, containing the new Life Food **"VITALIA."**

Ask for it at

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Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Gray Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

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Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

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Highest grade LAMP OIL

Rs. 6 per case ex-Godown.

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B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. / CHUKKER 125° F. / VICTORIA 125° F.

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THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS FROM BOMBAY TO SIMLA.

FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS available for two months from the date of issue, will be issued on any date commencing from the 11th May, during May, June and July from Bombay to Simla, via Delhi and the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway, at the Reduced Fare of Rs. 128-10-0.

2. Passengers for Simla are recommended to travel by the Punjab Mail leaving Bombay at 2-30 p.m., and to change into the through carriage attached to the Train at Delhi for Kalka.

3. On the Return Journey passengers are recommended to travel in the Delhi through carriage leaving Kalka 10-30 P.M., arriving Delhi 5-34 A.M., and change at Delhi into the Punjab Mail leaving that Station at 9-15 A.M.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Dated 9th May, 1911.

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(1) A thoroughly qualified Architectural DRAFTS, MAN on a salary of Rs. 250 per mensem to fill a permanent appointment.

Must be a good draftsman, reliable constructionist, and competent to make detailed drawings from sketches.

Must also possess a knowledge of Architectural styles.

(2) A certificated 3rd grade Draftsman on a salary of Rs. 90-3-75 per mensem, to fill a permanent appointment.

(3) A trained Computor on a salary of Rs. 125-5-150 per mensem, to fill a permanent appointment.

Applicants should in the first instance apply by letter only, stating age, qualifications, etc., and in the case of (1) should also state ability to submit, when required drawings of his Architectural work.

Successful candidates will be on probation for six months.

G. H. BELL,
Under Secretary to the Govt.
of Burma Rangoon.

Dated 11th May, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

CHEAP RETURN TICKETS TO SIMLA.

THROUGH CARRIAGE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALKA.

FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for two months, will be issued on any date during May, June and July, from BOMBAY, MHOW, NEEMUCH and NASIRABAD to SIMLA, at the following REDUCED FARES :—

Stations.	Return fares. Rs. a. p.	Route by which available.
Bombay.....	128 10 0	Via Nagda Muttra Railway, Delhi and Saharanpur.
Mhow.....	108 9 0	
Neemuch	95 14 0	Via Ajmer, Delhi and Saharanpur.
Nasirabad.....	85 13 0	

BOMBAY-SIMLA TIMINGS.—Leave Bombay 21·15 hours, arrive Simla 18·30 hours. Leave Simla 8·15 hours, arrive Bombay 7·15 hours. Time occupied 46 hours approximately. Corridor carriages, dining car, electric lights and fans on Bombay-Kalka service. Through carriage between Bombay and Kalka.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

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CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

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Cheapest Dealers in
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Opposite Apollo Hotel,
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CINEMATOGRAPH
NOVELTY THEATRE.

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"TERROR"
A film full of daring and thrilling incidents
"TONTOLINI"
A five minute spasm of laughter
"THE COBBLER AND THE FINANCIER."
A charming little comedy by M. Prince
and
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WE have arranged for the following series of Special Coronation Articles, which will appear in the columns of the *Bombay Gazette*, as follows :—

May 27th—The Hereditary Coronation Officers

June 3rd—The Coronation Ceremony.

By A.C. Fox-Davies, of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law. Editor of Armorial Families and late editor of Dod's Peerage. Author of The Complete Guide to Heraldry, Their Majesties' Court, The Book of Public Arms, &c., &c.

N.B.—Mr. Fox-Davies is recognised as the chief living writer on Heraldry. His first brief was the Norfolk Peerage case, and he was paid a record first brief fee. He made his first speech in public at the bar of the House of Lords. He has been appointed one of the officers for the Coronation ceremony in the Abbey.

[The earlier articles of this series appeared on May 6, 13 and 20.]

June 10th—Westminster Abbey: Its Glories and Eventful History

By Philip Gibbs. Author of The Street of Adventure, &c., &c.

June 17th } Modern Kingship
June 22nd } (Two Articles)

By His Grace the Duke of Argyll, K. T., Hereditary Master of the Royal Household, Scotland; Keeper of the Great Seal of Scotland: Governor and Constable of Windsor Castle.

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MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of old and unserviceable Materials and Stores, at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depot, Parel.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th May 1911, at 2-30 p.m, (S. T.), Messrs. MENESSE & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel.—

A quantity of old and unserviceable materials and stores consisting of staves for casks, K. oil tins, lamps of sorts, brackets, drums, paint cans, varnish tins, G. I. buckets, mortar pans, commode pans, platform weighing machines, coir matting, mattresses, hoop iron, trolly wheels, furniture, wooden barrels, glass, manilla rope leather cutting, cooking stove, cloth cutting, canvas and leather pipes, I. R. piston, packing rings and rubber pipes, I. R. and canvas vacuum pipes, zinc lining, clocks, bells, leather belts, copper utensils, brass couplings, hammers, augers, locks, G. I. weights, ratchest braces, card boards, and sundry other stores, &c.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down and the balance must be paid and the materials removed away within one month from the day of the sale, failing which groundrent will be charged by the Railway Company.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 24th May, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of May, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, 21, Medows Street, Fort, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) the following :—

On account of the consignor, a lot of the hosiery :—

50 dozen mercerised handkerchiefs.
45 dozen gents' socks.
35 dozen lace black stockings.
20 dozen silk lined lace black and tan stockings.
20 dozen different coloured tan stockings.
30 dozen embroidered stockings.
3 Cashmere pieces 54 inches by 16 1-2, 54 inches by 20 and 54 inches by 35 1-2 yards.
14 dozen under shirts.
20 dozen bathing costumes.

On account of the concerned—

1 crate English crockery, consisting of flat and deep plates 9 1-2 inches to 10 1-2 inches, printed pattern (porcelain and semi-porcelain.)
1 crate English crockery, consisting of 30 dozen jugs, printed pattern and gold border.

On account of the concerned.—

100 bottles Vicker's ink.
1 bale old vests.
50 dozen glass, flower vases, printed flower pattern red and blue flower tubes.

On account of the consignor. —

8 fire and thieves' proof Midland safes, sizes 27 in. to 32 in.

On account of the concerned—

10 cases Tanny wine (by David Sandiman Sons and Co.)
3 cases Ruby Port Wine.
3 cases Madeira.

On account of the concerned—

11 cases still Hock.
25 cases finest Old Scotch Whisky by D. Macgregor & Co.

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned.

7 cases Nilgiri Tea Dust.
1 pair diamond bangles 69 beads, 130 chow.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 24th May, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, 25th May at 2-30 p.m.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 25th May, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the first floor at No. 1 Colaba Causeway, opposite the Tramway Stables, valuable and neat French and mahogany polished teak and blackwood drawing, dining and bedroom furniture, tapestry-lined drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, dining table and chairs, chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, clothes and gown presses, iron single bedsteads, glass, crockery and plateware, carpets, etc., the property of Mrs. A. Chilton proceeded home and others.

The property is on view.

SALE ON FRIDAY, 26th May at 2-30 p.m.

On FRIDAY, the 26th May, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground floor at "Batliboi Building" in Souter Street behind Club Road, Byculla, valuable and neat teak and blackwood drawing, dining and bed room furniture, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinet, chiffonier, corner cabinets, cottage piano, marble topped tables and teapoys, bookstand, palmstand, jardiniere, sliding dining table, chairs, mirror sideboard, whatnot, meatsafe, easy, rocking and office chairs, writing table, mirror hat stand, pier table, screen, baba cradle, brass and iron bedstead, mirror almyrah, chest of drawers, dressing and washhand tables, wardrobe, clothes press, glass, crockery and platedware, table and hanging lamps, carpets, figures, perambulator, etc., the property of Captain F. de Lorme proceeded home and others.

The property is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 24th May, 1911.

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at P. Byramji's Bungalow, Gilder Street, Tardeo, next to Hirachund Gumanji Boarding School, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood and mahogany household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, one English sliding dining table in 7 pieces, arms and without arms chairs, mirror, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing-room, new design suites, handsome drawing-room cabinets, marble top chiffoniers, table and teapoys, single and double doors new design almyrahs, revolving top English office table, writing tables, book cases, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, new design brass and iron bedsteads, table, hanging and hall lamps, rich oil paintings and pictures, coir and matting, copper and alluminium utensils, garden tubs and pots etc., etc., the property of Revd. Mr. J. Smith and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

AT 2 P M. (S.T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature brougham in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

By order of the Owner and on account and risk of the purchaser Mr. J. Rodgers.

1 handsome strong four wheels rubber-tyred Lady's self-driving English-built carriage, nearly new, with real Morocco leather, lining lamps and break complete.

AUCTION SALE of Unserviceable Municipal Stores.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p.m. (B. T.) sell by Public Auction, at the Central Stores (Water Works stores) Chinchpoogly, a large lot of unserviceable stores consisting of anger screw, empty ink bottles, empty casks and drums, broken chairs, greywarm blanket, China cups, gun metal hose, fountains, glass sheets, N. P. hydrants, keys iron for stop top brass, Makintosh pillows, Piston roller, brass screws, large pipe cutting lathe, vertical engine and boiler for lathe, cast iron scrap, upright octagonal and stopping cases etc., etc.

On TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p. m. (B. T.) at the Bellasis Bridge Pipe Depot, Tardeo.

A large quantity of unserviceable stores consisting of empty bottles, India rubber hose, helmets, W. I. boiler tubes, iron troughs, vent shaft, cane baskets, iron chain, wooden pieces, kerosine oil empty tins, empty jars, empty casks, galvanized fittings, brass boring, brass scrap, copper scrap, picks axes, quamallas, Weston's patent blocks, typewriter, time pieces, galvanized buckets, leather scrap, W. I. scrap, zinc scrap, cannoes, lead, soap, and rubber scrap, iron drums, powras, W. I. tanks, wooden hand carts, brougham carriage, empty drums, etc., etc.

On WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant, at 2 p. m. (B. T.) at Paltan Road Workshop, behind the Crawford Market.

A large quantity of unserviceable stores consisting of C. I scrap, W. I. scrap, W. I. pipes and tubes, C. I. naves C. I. firebars, W. I. tyre bars, W. I. sheets and plates, drain cart bodies, W. I. tank, canvas and rubber lined hose, rubber rings and scrap, leather scrap, empty casks, empty tins and drums, gunmetal scrap, gunmetal borings, coal ashes, iron trough, W. I. chimney, N. S carts with bodies, zinc scrap, Thorneycroft steam meat wagon, 8 H.P. Marshal engine, 100 volt Parkar Dynamo with board, cables, switches and accessories, etc., etc.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 24th May, 1911.

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Manager.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
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PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... „ 16,850,000

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

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N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, May 22.] [BOMBAY, May 23.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	81 1-2	1-4	
do. Bonus ...	98		unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan..	95 3-4		unchgd
do. Govt. Securities...	84 7-16		unchgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 5-8		unchgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3-4	1-16	
do. in New York ...	53 3-8		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris,	25-31		1-2
do. at Berlin...	20-46		unchgd
do. at New York...	4-86 3-8		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.		since
do. Short London	9th Mar.		
Bills, 3 months' sight.	2 5-16	1-16	
do. Indian Bank			
Bills, 6 months' sight.	2 5-8	1-8	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 7-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-8		unchgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-2	1-8	
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-2		unchgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 1 7-8 unchanged.
Closing Tone of Silver—Sellers at the rate.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	...Easier—Dull.
Futures	... Steady.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	Holders not offering freely.
Total Sales	... 5,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	200
Imports	... 2,000
Mid Americans	... 8-33-.07
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 5-8 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

May-June	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
8-18	8-00	7-94	7-65	7-20
—03	—02	—02	—02	unchgd
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	
7-00	6-95	6-93	6-93	
unchgd	+01	+01	+01	

New York Official noon call July 16-07 October 13-20.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	8,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	12,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	Nil
Exports to Continent ...	Nil
Spot Cotton—	16-10 unchgd
Futures—Month of July 16-07+13	Advanced on bull support and short covering.
Futures—Month of Oct 13-19+08	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	...15 11-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of July	...15-90 +05
Do. do Oct.	...13-12+13
Tone of Spot Cotton	...Quiet.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi	...33 1-2—1-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Done.	
Red Karachi	...33 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London. Sellers.	
Tone—Quiet but steady.	
Wheat afloat for U. K.	...3,330,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs.	...32 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June—Value.	
Buyers &c.—Steady.	

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	...35 unchgd
Do. Month—June.—Value.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Calcutta, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship	...44—1-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.	
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	...47 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore	...40 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.—Sellers.	
Do. Name of Ports—Amsterdam.	
Tone—Quiet.	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	...71 1-8—1-4
Do. Months—June-July—Done.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Tone—Quiet.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	...65 3-4—1 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Buyers&c.—Sellers.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 12 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber	...4-5—Value—Dull

METALS—

Copper Beatlers	...£ 66
Yellow Metal	...d 5 7-8
Standard Copper G. M. B.	...£54 13-16
Tin Plates I. C.Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs c. i. f. Liverpool	.....
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp	4 13 9
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool	10 10 0
Basic Steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India..	5 5 0

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal	... 10s.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags.	...12-3—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...July-Aug.
Tone—Slow demand.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	...12-6 3-4—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments	...June.
Tone—Dull. Quiet and neglected.	
German Beet-root 88 p. c	...10 4 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...June.
Tone—Only limited business.	
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India	...14 3 3-4—Sellers
Months of Shipments	...May-August.
Tone—Quiet and rather easier.	
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay	...11 4 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments	...May
Tone—Quiet.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F Calcutta	May-June—10 2 1-4—Value.
Do do.	June-July—10 2 1-4—Value.
	July-Dec—10 2 1-4—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	May-June—10 3 3-4—Value.
Do. do.	June-July—10 3 3-4—Value.
	July-Dec—10 3 3-4—Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta	May-June—11 3 3-4 —Value.
Do. do.	June-July—11 3 3-4—Value.
	July-Dec—11 3 3-4—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	May-June—11 5 1-4—Value.
Do. do.	June-July—11 5 1-4—Value.
	July-Dec—11 5 1-4—Value.

General Tone—Quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [23RD May, 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY, BY RAIL, on 20th May, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	78	9,688
B B and C I Railway ...	107	126,545

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened quiet but steady with rates unchanged. 1s. 4 1-16d. is procurable for T.T., in some places and a small business has been done. Private bills have been placed at 1s. 4 7-32d. 3 months' sight. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d. to 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 3-16d. June
Do. do France	...171
Do. do Marks	...133 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...133
Shanghai "	...178
Japan "	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 5-16 for Cash and both the Settlements and remained steady throughout the day, but at the close rates at 1-16 lower for near positions with buyers.

We quote :—

Cash ...	... Rs.	96	4	0
1st Settlement	... Rs.	96	4	0
2nd "	... "	96	5	0

BULLION :—

Bar Silver in London yesterday closed unchanged for ready at 24 5-8 and 1-16 higher for delivery in two months at 24 3-4. New York was unchanged at 53 3-8. The market opened at 62 5-8 ex-duty for ready bars and closes steady and unchanged. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs.	24	0 0
Australian " ...	...	"	24	0 0
Sovereigns " ...	...	"	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty	...	"	62	10 0
" 1st settlement	...	"	62	13 0
" 2nd Settlemet	...	"	62	14 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market opened quiet but steady with little change in quotations. There is a small business passing in Settlements of May contracts of some descriptions. For June and July there is no speculative enquiry, but exporters continue to offer Southern styles, which mills are buying to a moderate extent. In New Crop there is little or nothing doing. Exporters are not in the market, and "suttas" are quiet. Closing prices are as under but are more or less nominal.

In ready cotton the enquiry is chiefly for nice, bright lots of Oomras and Bengals for shipment, while mills are taking slightly inferior cotton, which is comparatively cheap. The offtake is moderate, and holders are meeting the demand.

QUOTATIONS :—

OLD CROP.

Fine M G Broach ...	...	Rs.	360	May
Do do Khandesh...	...	"	306	do
F G do do ...	...	"	294	do
Fine do Khamgaon-Akola...		"	317	do
Do do Bengals ...	...	"	303	do
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar...		"	360	do
Do H G Westerns ...	...	"	339	do
Do M G do ...	...	"	340	do

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach ...	...	Rs.	307	March
Fully Good H G Bengals	...	"	244	Jany.
Fine M G Bengal ...	...	"	269	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales	...	6,000 bales
Total Imports	...	8,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

May-June.	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
8-10	8-01	7-95	7-67
+02	+01	+01	+02
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
7-21	7-01	6-95	6-93	6-93
+01	+01	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The Home markets are again easier, which has been reflected here, and prices are 2 annas lower.

We quote :—

Ready ...	...	Rs.	13 1	0 B. T.
May ...	...	"	12 11	0 B. T.
September ...	...	"	13 1	0 B. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is quiet but steady.

We Quote :—

Brown Delhi April-May...	Rs.	7	1	0 R. T.
Yellow Guzerat ready ...	"	7	12	0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ...	"	6	9	0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is steady.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	51	8	0
Mimbara ...	"	52	8	0
Yellow Hingaghat ...	"	59	8	0
Black Kutni ...	"	43	8	0

JASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready	Rs.	34	8	C
Forward	Rs.	7	1	0 R T

COTTONSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready	Rs.	22	0	0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready	Rs.	9	15	0 B. T.
May	Rs.	10	10	0 R. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone steady.

We Quote :—

Bold	Rs.	42	8	0
Small	Rs.	41	0	0

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady.

July-August ...	Rs.	7	1	0 R. T.

WHEAT :—The market is dull.

We Quote :—

White Delhi May Sutta ...	Rs.	4	13	6 R. T. Nominal.
White Delhi R.-R. ready ...	Rs.	4	11	6 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,675
Bank of Burma	136
Bank of India	67 1-2
Eastern Bank	79
Indian Specie	50 1-2

MILLS.

David	375
Khattau Makanji Mill	760
Kohinoor	642 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,662 1-2
New Great Eastern	165

PRESSES.

New Berar	535
New Mofussil	855

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	130
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	170
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	280
Colaba Land and Mill	1,160
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	18
Treacher and Co. ... ... —	530

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej	620
Kapti-Valley ... ... —	480

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	... ...	7,943 bales
Wheat ...	... ...	64,871 cwts.
Linseed ...	... ...	55,395 "
Rapeseed ...	... ...	8,266 "
Gingellyseed	... ...	708 "
Poppyseed ...	... ...	3,773 "
Groundnuts...	... ...	3,105 "
Castorseed ...	... ...	7,100 "
Rice ...	... ...	4,046 "
Myrabollams	... ...	4,115 "
Cottonseed ...	... ...	19,110 "
Mowraseed ...	... ...	63 "
Gram ...	... ...	12,640 "
Joowar ...	... ...	485 "
Maize ...	... ...	870 "

ATLAS ASSURANCE CO., LD.

The 103rd annual report and accounts for the year ending 1910 was presented to the 28th April 1911.

Life Department—The premium income amounted to £135,093 and the total revenue to £263,322. The Funds stand at £2,085,791.

Fire Department—The net premium were £1,041,194 and the profits amounted to £196,460. The Fire Fund now stands at £1,007,993.

Employers Liability Accident &c. Departments—The income amounted to £37,143 and the Funds stand at £102,828.

Dividend—A dividend of 25 per cent. on the paid up Capital of the Company was paid. The total Security for Policy Holders is £5,418,693.

CALCUTTA MARKET REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

Jute pucca bales were quiet with small business, Kutcha bales were quiet, steady with sellers and firm at prices, which the mills cannot accept. Gunnies opened quiet and prices wagged, heavy goods are also quieter and lower. Shares were quieter with a small business in jute shares, with press well maintained.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Messrs. Tata Sons and Co., Bombay hear from their Liverpool friends as follows :—

AMERICAN COTTON.

The strong statistical position of cotton has again been the dominant feature, and Middling at 8·33d., has established a new record for the season.

April closed on Saturday at 25 points over J-A, an increase of 14 points since we suggested the straddle to those friends we thought might be interested.

It is evident, from the movement of the crop, into sight, and out of sight, that the supply cannot suffice for the season's normal requirements, and that scarcity must become acute as the summer draws on.

We began the season with visible supply	735,000
The crop can hardly be more than ...	12,000,000
A season's supply of	12,735,000
Last season the world consumed (and this year it should take more, as trade better)...	12,500,000
Leaving visible supply to begin next season	235,000

And it must be remembered too that spinners began this season with smaller stocks than for many years previously.

It would almost seem, then that the question must sooner or later again arise: What price will so restrict demand as to make the supply go round?

We can certainly see no indication as yet that price is proving a hindrance Lancashire reports, as far as manufacturers are concerned, and all that can be desired. There is a well sustained demand from India and China, stimulated by the recent advance in silver. And the recent loan of £10,000,000 to China (of which 30 per cent. is to be devoted to the development of Manchuria) together with the determination of that country to put down the opium traffic, which has so hampered its progress, are good omens for future trade expansion.

Spinners have not yet improved their position, but we do not hear of any yarn accumulations, and a good forward business is going on, in some cases for delivery right up to December, against which spinners have been covering by purchases of new crop futures at the considerable discount prevailing.

With regard to the Continent, our Mr. P. H. Hemelryk, at present travelling through Central Europe, sends us very deplorable accounts from Italy, spinners there having passed through a very depressing time. In other parts of Europe, however, notably Germany, there is a distinct tendency to improvement. A representative in Saxony draws our attention to a factor which has probably influenced the consumption of cotton in that country, viz., the dearness of woollens, and the consequent preference for cotton imitations; also the absence, for the past decade, of former severe winters, which has rendered woollen garments less necessary.

As for American trade, in spite of many complaints spinners are still ahead of last year in their takings and the good spot demand in New York seems to indicate bare supplies, both at mills, and in the South. As regards the general situation in America a writer in a recent number of the "Statist" said :—

"In the past twelve months there has been an all-round fall in prices, more especially in breadstuffs, live stock and provisions, which means that the income of the masses of the people will go further, and that many industries which have been checked by the high cost of living will receive renewed stimulus."

Another thing which has strengthened the market, is the delay caused to the new crop by general heavy rains. This copious rainfall may be just the thing to fortify the plant against summer drought, but it will of course mean delay, and that will entail greater demands upon the old crop.

With regard to acreage, the "New York Journal, of Commerce' estimates the average increase at 5.5 per cent, giles at 5,1 per cent. and a friend in Memphis, Tenn, writes us on this point :—

"In our last letter we named 7 per cent as a probable increase. On account of the new life and activity inspired by good prices and prosperous times among farmers, even a greater increase is probable. There is a distinct pause in city activities and labour is more plentiful in the country."

To sum up, we see old crop delivers in a strong position, with few discouraging features; a position lending itself to manipulation. We know that the clique took up about 20,000 bales against their April contracts; they did this because it is a profitable transaction, and we understand they intend to pursue the same policy in May, June, July and August. Now and then some bulls take the opportunity to liquidate a little, unwilling to be long at the top but we agree with the Editor of the "Liverpool Daily Post" when he describes this as a source of strength, in that it prevents the market from becoming overbought.

Under the circumstances, we cannot help feeling that the present upward tendency for old crop may continue. As for new crop positions it is too early yet to judge.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Prices of this growth have advanced with American.

The spot demand has been very large during the past week reaching 4,200 bales, which is evidence of the good trade being done in fine yarns at Bolton. We hear few complaints from spinners there, who seem to have less difficulty in securing advances for their production.

A good spot demand is also reported from Alexandria, in which market the speculative interest seems to be very small, the short interest predominating.

With regard to the new crop, we had a cable the other day :—"Plant coming up well, but fortnight late." Some weather advices are favourable but others report cold and tempestuous weather in parts. The Government is taking active measures against insect damage and has circularised governors of provinces regarding destruction of the cotton worm.

Some doubt is felt in certain quarters as to whether present prices will encourage a large acreage this season, especially if the Government programme should advocate diversification of crops, for the benefit of the soil. No exact figures of acreage are available yet, but so far indications are that it may be slightly larger than last year, and a feature is the more extensive planting of Joannovich, Sakellarides and Nubari, at the expense of Afifi.

In conclusion, we maintain our favourable opinion of Egyptian cotton, for we think the season's requirements quite capable of absorbing the large supply.

M/J :—7.93d.
J/A :—7.79d.
O/N :—7d.
J/F :—6.92d.

EGYPTIAN :—

May Liverpool :—10.12/64d.	Alexandria :—T.	20
Nov. " 10.13/64d.	" T.	19.7/32

MIDDLING :—	1910/11	1909/10	1908/9
Highest :—	8.33d.	8.50d.	6.92d.
Lowest.—	7.47d.	6.77d.	4.80d.

STOCKS L'pool :—	1911.	1910.	1909.
American (Bales)	904,000	625,000	1,147,000
Egyptian (")	66,360	27,170	57,620

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL.

Bombay, 24th May.

410. Musketry.—The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for competition matches 1 to 6 on Wednesday the 24th and Saturday the 27th instant from 2 to 5 p.m.

411. The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted as under :—

Thursday 25th instant—Any Coy All Parts.
Saturday 27th instant—"A Coy All Parts.
Sunday 28th instant—Rifle Club matches 1 to 6
Wednesday 31st instant—Rifle Club matches 1 to 6
Sunday 4th prox—Rifle Club matches 1 to 6 closes.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

412. Meeting.—A General Meeting of the members of the Rifle Club will be held at Head-Quarters, Council Road, Fort, to-day Wednesday the 24th instant at 6-30 p.m. All members are invited to attend.

413. Extract from Gazette of India Army Department dated Simla 12th May 1911 is published for information :—

No 400. Bombay Volunteer Rifles—Charles Henry Goodall to be Second Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy, dated 29th March 1911.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

News from Nome, in Alaska, states that three miners who were lost for 40 days in a blizzard were found on May 6. They endured terrible sufferings and were reduced to eating wolf dogs.

DAILY EXPORTS—MAY 23.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Trafford Hall s—50 bales wool, and goat hair, R M Kooka; 97 bales wool, A H Mahomed and Co; 170 bales wool, M Ramjidas; 4,000 cwts maize, 1,000 cwts wheat, and 400 cwts rapeseed, Sanday and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Persia —352 bales hemp, H Govindji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Trafford Hall s—14,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co; 200 cwts castorseed, 10,000 cwts wheat 1,400 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 50 cwts olibanum, P Jethabhai.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Locksley Hall s—2,000 cwts wheat, Sanday & Co.

FOR HULL.

York Castle s—7,087 cwts cottonseed, L Pragji; 2,001 cwts cottonseed, W. Bacher; 5,300 cwts cottonseed, the Aurangabad Mills; 5,640 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Hindoo s—1,044 cwts cottonseed, Parekh Bros; 6,000 cwts wheat Sanday and Co; 15,480 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 20,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co; 8,900 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Baralong s—4,004 cwts myrabollams, W Bacher.

FOR HAMBURG.

Nairu s—345 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 2,879 bales cottonfly, and 22 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 260 cwts horns, J M Rahimtulla and Co.

Schonfels s—223 bales hemp, K Visram 330 bales cotton, P Visram and Co; 60 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ANTWERP.

Baralong s—550cwts myrabollams, and 285 cwts gum S Cooverji and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed H Maganlal and Co; 330 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co; 6,118 cwts linseed M Vallabdas and Co 2,000 cwts linseed Sanday and Co; 250 bales cotton, 181 bales hemp Khimji Vishram and Co; 330 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

Elonian s—8,000 cwts linseed Ralli Bros.

Duke of York s—73 bales hemp Kiddle Reeve and Co 2,000 cwts linseed H Maganlal 75 bales cottonfly, Khimji Vishram and Co 75 bales cottonwaste W Wolf and Sons.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—330 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 340 bales cotton, Ralli Bros 18 cwts gum olibanum R Morarji.

Trieste s—825 bales cotton, J A Begbi and Co 402 bales cotton, Ralli Bros 385 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 440 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co 1,100 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 605 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 300 bales cotton, Khimji Vishram and Co 5,000 cwts teelseed Volkart Bros; 4,000 cwts teelseed Ralli Bros 7,003 cwts teelseed E D Sassoon and Co 2,000 cwts linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 220 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

Trieste s—300 bales cotton, J A Begbi and Co; 200 bales cotton, New Motusmil and Co: 300 bales cotton, Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co; 500 bales cotton, Volter Pavri and Co; 50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 400 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 250 bales cotton, M Jethabhoy and Co; 100 bales cotton, James Finlay and Co; 2,400 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 300 bales cotton, K Visram and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Angus s—4,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 8,009 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros.

Inydene s—3,784 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed and 400 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Bros; 4,000 cwts linseed, 4,000 cwts rapeseed, Sanday and Co; 9,000 cwts rapeseed, 2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Firozi s—50 beles cotton, M Jethabhoy & Co; 150 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy; 100 bales cotton, M Goculdas and Co; 8,006 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Craigwar s—2,000 cwt linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Baralong s—10,008 cwts myrabollams, W Bacher.

FOR FIUME.

Triest s—6,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 1,000 cwts gingelly, L Dreyfus.

FOR PORT SAID (FOR ORDERS.)

Craigard s—8,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ODESSA.

Africa s—50 cwts olibanum, R Morarji and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Persia s—300 bales cotton, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—18 chests opium, C Bamji and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Persia s—100 bales cotton, Bruel and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Persia s—200 bales cotton, Bruel and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Persia s—200 bales cotton, Bruel and Co.

AUSTRALIA AND DOMESTIC SERVANTS.

Misses Minchin and Walker, who were appointed by the Government to report upon the domestic servant problem in South Australia, have presented a report on the result of their investigations. In the course of their report they say :—"As the result of interviews and by other means we have collected 653 signed statements, 431 being from employers and 222 from employees. The difficulty of obtaining and retaining servants is very great. The reasons given are various, but all point to an insufficient supply, due to girls preferring factory life, and the prosperity of the State resulting in farmers' daughters being kept at home, instead of going to service, and to farmers having become employers." Summarising their conclusions, Misses Minchin and Walker state :—"(1) There is overwhelming evidence that the supply of girls for domestic service is very far short of the demand; (2) no guarantee can be obtained or expected from individual employers without a knowledge of the capabilities of the helpers, but there is no doubt that several hundreds at least of such girls would be eagerly sought for on arrival; (3) domestic servants are, as a rule, well treated, receive good to large wages, and plenty of holidays, and are for the most part well housed; (4) many girls offering themselves for service are entirely untrained and require teaching in the rudiments of their work before they are of any use to the employers. We recommend :—(1) The importation of a large number of carefully selected domestic helpers; (2) that training in domestic work and cookery should be part of the educational course for every girl in the Public Schools. We would express regret that the opportunities in this direction provided by the School of Mines are not more fully availed of by girls generally."

There are many thrifty ways of commemorating Coronation and such things, but the inhabitants of the village of Castle Acre, in Norfolk, have surely hit on the most ingenuously thrifty. They met in solemn conclave, and after debating various proposals came to the decision to commemorate the Coronation by furnishing the parish with a "hand hearse" to be bought by public subscription.

THE well-known red spot on the planet Jupiter, which has been under the observation of astronomers for more than fifty years, can now be seen. It is of an oval shape and some 20,000 miles long. Its exact nature is still a matter of conjecture. The most plausible suggestion, perhaps, is, that it is a floating island of solid matter in a sea of the still molten surface of the planet. It would, therefore, represent the first beginning of solidification. The view that it is a floating mass agrees with the fact that the spot is now some 20,000 miles west of the place it was observed to occupy something less than a year ago.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

DILLON—May 17, at St Bartholomew's Hospital, Colaesmund, Florence Mabel, the dearly beloved wife of T P Dillon, P W D.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
B. E. S. Old Boys Empire Day Dance, at the G. I. P. Railway Institute, Byculla.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our Star Attractions: "Terror" and "Tontolini."
Skating Rink: Practice Session, Thursdays and Saturdays only 8 to 9 a.m. Evening Sessions, Thursdays only 6 to 8 with "Band. Night Sessions, Saturdays only 9-30 to 11-30 p.m. with Band."

Maxim: "By ever taking out, and never putting in, one soon reaches the bottom."—SPANISH PROVERB.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English mails of the 12th instant, which left Aden, at 8 p.m., on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour, at 6 a. m., on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour on Saturday.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel H. B. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regt., will play the following programme of music at the Victoria Gardens commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to-day :—

March	By Order of the King ... Hume
Valse	The Choristers ... Phelps
Selection	Reminiscences of Sullivan ... Arr. Winterbottom
Excerpts from Coronation Ode	... Elgar
1 Crown the King. No. 2 Peace Gentle Peace. No. 3 Land of Hope and Glory.	
Melodies of the Indian Empire	... Rogan
Gavotte	... Weymouth Chimes ... Hawgill
Selection	...Songs of the Homeland ... Arr. Godfrey

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry, Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m, this evening :—

March	...Whistling Rufus ... Kerry Mills
Overture	...Tutti in Maschera ... Pedrotti
A Serenade (Cornet Solo)	...Sizilietta ... Blon
B Intermezzo	...Salome ... Loraine
Grand Selection. Reminiscences of Mozart	... Godfrey
Valse Lente	...Eternelle Folie ... Nazare-Aga
Selection	...The Arcadians ... Monckton
Galop	...Coach Horn ... G F Hans

DEVELOPMENT OF BOMBAY.

The New Road.

An ordinary meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay, was held yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Orr, Chairman of the Board, presiding.

Consideration was given to the report of the Land Committee regarding the proposed development of the widths of the road in the three sections of the Eastern Avenue. The Land Committee's report was as follows :

"We have considered letter from the Engineer, No. 2224 of the 25th April, 1911, making proposals for the division of the widths of the three Sections of the Eastern Avenue into the components of carriage ways, tramways, promenades, footpaths, etc. We approve of the following developments, viz:—

"In the 150 Section.—As in Engineer's para. 12 fig. 1, viz., a raised central strip 56' in width of which the middle 20 will be taken up by the tramway leaving an 18 strip on either side for promenades. Two carriage ways each 32' in width on either side of the raised central strip. Two footpaths each 15' in width. The promenades and footpaths to be planted with tree;

"In the 120 Section.—As in figure in Engineer's para. 10 viz., an 80 carriage way and two footpaths each, 20' in width. The footpaths to be planted with trees;

"In the 100 Section.—A 70 carriage way and two footpaths each 15 in width, as recommended in Engineer's para, 7, and we beg to recommend accordingly."

The Chairman said that after careful consideration, the Committee had come to the conclusion that the width of the three Sections of the road should be as follows: From the north of the island to the Elphinstone Road, 150 feet; from Elphinstone Road to Lal Bag, 120 feet; and from Lal Bag to the Crawford Markets, 100 feet. It was proposed to increase the width of the northern section of the road in order to secure a faster tram service than at present.

Mr. Wacha was against the whole scheme.

The report was then adopted.

The Engineer forwarded an amended estimate of Rs. 1,004 for expenditure incurred in tarring the Tennis Court, and filling and levelling the Recreation ground between Road No. 12 and Souter Street, and supplying water service pipe on the cricket ground at the Agripada Estate. The expenditure was sanctined.

VICEREGAL TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 23.

The final of the Viceregal Lawn Tennis Tournament was played off this evening before a large and fashionable gathering. Major Black and Mrs. Martin beat Mr. Jukes and Mrs. Black by two sets to love (6—4). Lady Hardinge gave away the prizes.

DIVINE SERVIC

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Alpine, 2,285 tons, Captain C Shapland, sailed yesterday for Dunkirk &c, with a general and the same bottom cargo.

The steamer Lockley Hall, 2,310 tons, Captain E Mason, sailed yesterday for Marseilles, &c, with a general cargo.

The steamer Bagdale, 1,934 tons, Captain T R Kirby, sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

The steamer Barodoy, 2,661 tons, Captain G Scannay, arrived here on Monday evening from Marmugoa May 21 with a cargo of manganese ore.

The steamer Begoom, 2,346 tons, Captain W E Mathews arrived here yesterday from Calcutta 9th May with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Trigonia, 1055 tons, Captain F J Hofman, arrived here yesterday from Rangoon 12th May with a cargo of kerosine oil.

MEN-OF-WAR & R Y AL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Odin...Comdr F H Watter.....Sloop
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr J Harvey R N.....Special Service Steamer
R I M S Investigator...Capt C S Hickman ...Survey St
R I M S Palinurus.....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel
H M S Eaglo...Comdr C M Lefroy Slook .....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—May 23.

Alexandra .....2434 Reed .....T Morrison & Co
Brinkburn.....2420 Jelland .....W & A G & Co
Bulimba.....1607 Whytehead .....M M & Co
Barnaing.....2361 Scannay...W & A Graham & Co
Begonia.....2346 Mathews .....T Jewandas
Crosby .....2330 Bony .....W & Graham & Co
Daylight (ship)...3598 Byde .....Standard Oil Co
Gymeric.....2553 Williams .....E Tajbhoy
Heim.....751 Erikson ..F F Campbell & Co
Indiana.....2505 Tauzel...W & A Graham & Co
Killigrran.....2412 Surdon .....M M & Co
Lawada.....2124 Wellingham .....M M & Co
Lowther Range.....2468 Blance.....
Mutira .....2957 Tallent .....M M & Co
Marmora.....805 Kaasmarin .....M M & Co
Norkoowa .....1074 Hugo .....M M & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born .....Shah S N Co
Singu .....1912 Murison.....S Wallace & Co
Trigonia.....1055 Hofman.....
Baron Cawdar ...2764...Fullerton

VESSELS IN DOCK.—May 23.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Forbes	2503	Be ket	N F	F	J Finlay & Co
B Hindoo	3156	Groves	Hull	27-5	J Finlay & Co
C & R Trafford Hall	3136	Hood	Liverpool	30-5	K Nixon & Co
D & E York Castle	3167	Mais	Hull	30-5	W & A G & Co
G Duke of York	1956	Tong	Antwerp	27-5	K Nixon & Co
K Craigarl	2128	Barnes	Liverpool	17-5	W & A Graham & Co
M Craigvar	2874	Edmonds	Amsterdam	24-5	T Morrison & Co
N Etonian	2444	Davies	Antwerp	24-5	T M & Co
O Khosrou	2410	Hannah	R S Forts	24-5	B & P S N Co
P Firoodi	2029	Primrose	Genoa	N F	B and P S N Co,
Q Angus	2320	Wakers	Dunkirk	24-5	T M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Trieste	3.05	Francich	Trieste	27-5 A L S N Co
2	Schonfels	3311	Rade	Karachi	31-5 W & A Graham & Co
3	Ivydene	2277	Binks	Dunkirk	31-5 T Morrison & Co
5	Nairn	3627	Lassen	Dunkirk	7-5 W & A Graham & Co
6	Africa	2555	Sebstich	Trieste	1-6 A L S N Co
7	Persia	3779	Climath	Kobe	24-5 A L S N Co
9	President	2936	Bremer	Zanzibar	27-5 A Strandes & Co
9	Aust ia	4891	Bainch	Trieste	26-5 A L S N Co
10	11	Arcadia	3513	Burcham	Shanghai 24-5 P & O Co
13	Persia	4193	Haughton	London	3-6 P and O S N Co
14	Dunera	762	Manley	Busreh	25-5 M M & Co
15	Manin	1689	Questa	Venice	Calcutta 25,6 S N Co
16	Benwood	2412	Jackson	Genoa	31-5 T Morrison & Co

M W D D

Ula	3426	Sullivan	Rangoon	N F	M M & Co

H W P D

Nutravati	630	Fakeera	Mangalore	3-5	Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
22	Baralong	Sconnay	Mar'gos, May 21
23	Begonia	Mathew	Calcutta, May 9
	Trigonia	Hofman	Rangoon, May 12

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
23	Singu	Murison	Rangoon
	Cilicia	Mallett	Dunkirk, &c
	Lockeley Hall	Mason	Marseilles, &c
	Bagdale	Kirby	Antwerp
	Clan Alpine	Shapland	Dunkirk, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Trieste for Trieste, &c.
" Clan Forbes for Dunkirk, &c.
" Heim for Bangkok, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P and O S N Co's steamer Morea, arrived at Suez from Colombo on the morning of the 21st instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Barbara, left Suez on the evening of the 21st instant, and the same Co's steamer Nuddea, arrived at Port Said on the morning of the 22nd instant.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

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Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Shanghai Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 23rd May, 1911.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey	22	7	p. m.	15	34
Teheran	23	1	5 p.m.	1	52
Suez	23	2	10 p.m.	0	46

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Banamichi, Myres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas, and Cunduacan Mexico will not be accepted until further notice. (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco are subject to very great delay (12-5-11).

Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian frontier between Chungking and Kweichowfu (23-5-11).

All Persian wires right (23-5-11).

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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins).	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins).	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins).	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 24th May, 1911.

THE OUTLOOK IN PORTUGAL.

If reports have only just reached well-informed quarters in Madrid that more or less veiled, but real, agitation reigns in Portugal, news travels between the two countries at phenomenally slow pace. It is well known elsewhere that ever since the establishment of the Portuguese Republic there has been conflict between that Government and Rome; that the coming elections have already been so manipulated that public opinion cannot possibly be represented, and that the people generally are greatly dissatisfied with the course of events since the deposition of the young King. Doubtless the priesthood is at the bottom of the agitation, and not without reason, for they have suffered incalculable injustice. The Bishops, when the republic was set up, issued a pastoral letter advising the faithful to respect present institutions, unreservedly to obey the authorities and respect constituted powers, "even if they should be unfavourable to us and show themselves hostile." The pastoral was certainly not defiant. It did not denounce the republic for banishing the religious orders, as might have been expected. Indeed, it expressly stated that the religious orders are not organisms essential to the existence of the Church which had existed without them during the first centuries of its era and could exist without them to-day. The Minister of Justice, Senhor Affonso Costa, took exception to the document and forbade it being read in the churches. Bishop Barroso of Oporto was the only prelate who failed to comply with the Minister's orders. Since then he has been deprived of his See, but as we remember, a pension of £240 a year was granted to him in recognition of his long services as a missionary in Africa. The Chapter was instructed to proceed forthwith to the election of a new Prelate. Up to the present the Chapter persists in regarding Dr. Barroso as Bishop of Oporto, temporarily absent and represented in his absence by the Vicar-General. The new Government has not yet broken off diplomatic relations with the Vatican and Count de Lagoaco still remains in Rome as the Portuguese Chargé d' Affaires to the Holy See, though he has not been in the Vatican since the official New Year reception. Yet, judging by the attitude of Pius X in Germany and France, it is hardly to be expected that the Pontiff will fail to support the clergy of Oporto in this matter and it is regarded as probable that in the course of a few weeks the Portuguese representative will leave Rome and an active conflict between Church and State will be inaugurated in Oporto.

Portugal is essentially a Catholic country and if the Republic defies papal authority so much the worse for the Republic. The "Diario de Noticias" of Lisbon, reporting an interview with Monsignor Benigni, a high official of the Roman Curia, says the pastoral was drawn up and published by arrangement with the Vatican and the words of the Bishops express faithfully the mind of the Pope. As the pastoral says, the Catholic Church is not animated by any preconceived hostility towards the Portuguese republic and if the Provisional Government, following the example of the Brazilian republic, concedes to the Catholics liberty and complete tolerance in the exercise of their religion, the Portuguese Catholics will, like the Catholics of Brazil, have no difficulty in remaining faithful supporters of the new regime. The attitude of the Portuguese prelates and the Portuguese Catholics towards the republic will depend largely on the projected law for the separation of Church and State, which is now being elaborated in Lisbon. The danger lies in the fact that the Minister of Justice is a less scrupulous individual than most of his colleagues, though there is little choice between them; for, as we find stated in the "Oxford and Cambridge Review" of the current month, "we find generals in the War Office taking Government gold in the day-time and consorting at night with dynamitards and revolutionists while the very excess and extravagance of their corruption saves the republican chiefs from exposure." On the same authority we have it that Senhor Costa's life has been passed in conspiring and carrying on a propaganda in favour of a republic—a successful demagogue with a numerous following.

Under a strong-willed monarch who kept him well in hand it is believed Senhor Costa might make a useful public servant. The simple-minded Catholics regard him as a man of almost diabolical ability. "They make the mistake of thinking that a bad man is necessarily a strong man. Affonso Costa is not strong. He is really very childish and primitive in some matters and not at all to be dreaded." He is imperfectly educated. His judgment is not good and a negative hatred of the Church is a more prominent feature of his character than a positive love of the people. He has no programme but anti-clericalism, and is unable to see that not by anti-clericalism alone can Governments live. His Rent Law was found to be so obscure that he and his friends and his newspaper have been explaining it ever since and afterwards explaining their own explanations. The present condition of Portugal is much worse than the last, yet it is felt that a great broad-minded statesman might have recast Portugal during the last six months. Senhor Costa's career as a minister has been marked by a succession of blunders. As for the president, Portugal has little to hope from him. Senhor Braga is a charming old gentleman, of childish enthusiasm and tactlessness. All the other republican leaders are described as men of the same stamp. Senhor Magelhaes Lima's incredible indiscretions and gaucheries have made it impossible for any country in Europe, to receive him as a Portuguese Minister. Worse than the tactlessness of the Provisional Government is said to be its nepotism. Much, observes the writer already quoted, "could have been forgiven it, had it only exhibited that classical disinterestedness, that fierce if misdirected love of country, which threw a certain heroic halo over the names of some of the worst ministers in the French Revolution. But in the case of Senhor Affonso Costa and his colleagues this aureola is so completely absent as it is in the case of a Tammany Hall boss." There is little cause for wonder that real agitation reigns in Portugal. The Church has nothing to thank the late monarchy for; but it will throw in its influence against the present Government.

PRISON REFORM. An important step in the scheme of prison reform, which Mr. Winston Churchill has initiated was taken during mail week, when the new rules under the Prevention of Crime Act came into force. These rules have been based on a clear distinction—a distinction which is not always sufficiently taken into account by the superficial observer of criminal subjects—between two classes of criminal, the "professional" and the "habitual." These are the terms employed by the Home Department and although they do not themselves denote any clear distinction, no doubt is left as to what they are intended to indicate. The professional criminal is the man who deliberately selects criminal means as thesis of his livelihood; the man who goes into the game with his eyes open, and takes the risks. The habitual criminal is rather the man who from either mental or physical weakness proves a constant failure in honest employment, and continually lapses into dishonest ways to satisfy the needs of the moment. Mr. Churchill puts the definition in a terser and quite an apt way, when he describes the first class as dangers to society, and the second merely as nuisances. The present rules are to deal with the first class only, it being understood presumably that the larger and more difficult problem of habitual crime must be dealt with by later and distinctive measures. They deal thus with the higher criminal classes—if we may so term them—coiners, forgers, expert burglars and swindlers—who are sent to long terms of imprisonment—or "preventive detention" as the Home Office now designates it—more for the sake of protecting the public than of inflicting heavy punishment. It is to these particularly, that Mr. Churchill's new prison luxuries, concerts, lectures and improved libraries are to be given. These prisoners, it is provided in the rules, are to be divided into three classes, special, ordinary and disciplinary, and promotion or degradation to one or the other will be made according to the conduct of each. The special class who will enjoy those luxuries to which we have referred, will also be allowed limited companionship and provision is made for religious influences. These are of course measures which are aimed at reform, but reform is not their only motive. The prospects of reforming criminals of this class are probably not hopeful, and Mr. Churchill indicates that some mitigation of severity is intended. Since however "no mitigation of confinement can alter the essential fact that preventive detention is a form of imprisonment" the police are directed to be careful that cases for presentation for this punishment be confined to the deliberate perpetrators of serious crime. The whole scheme is frankly experimental, and it would be futile to criticise it deeply. Mr. Churchill will learn something from the trial of the "indeterminate sentence" which is being made in America—that is a system by which the greatest attention is paid, in regarding the question of a criminal's imprisonment, to his capacity for reform. When the Home Secretary comes to consider the larger problem of habitual crime generally, it would seem at present that some such system holds out the best prospects of success.

A FISHERMEN'S NAVAL RESERVE. Reuter recently announced the failure of an Admiralty scheme to establish a reserve of 300 trained fishermen at Grimsby, which would be available for a fleet of mine-sweeping trawlers in time of war. The Government have six trawlers of their own and have succeeded in subsidising a number of Grimsby trawlers for use in case of emergency, but although the first training should have commenced this week, when the mail left the Government had no crews. Eleven men had been enrolled and a twelfth had been rejected. This apparently cannot be laid to any want of courage or patriotism on the part of the fishermen, but seems to be more due to an inappreciation—somewhat characteristic we fear—of the amount of sacrifice which the Government is asking the volunteers to make. Forty men were wanted for the first training and before the conditions of service were published, inquiries had been received from about a hundred men. When, however, these were made known, interest disappeared. Trawlers, it must be remembered, are as a class none too well off, their wages are earned at the expense of much risk and hardship and they are not in a position to give very much without compensation. They say that the annual training would not only cause them to lose their work, possibly for many weeks, owing to the great number of unemployed fishermen, but they would receive less pay than when fishing, besides having the burden of providing their own food. The annual retainer of £4 offered is not considered adequate for all the risks undertaken. No skippers have joined, because the age-limit has been set from 25 to 35, and it is urged that the better qualified men are above the latter age. It is clear that Mr. McKenna cannot hope for much success for his scheme unless he can satisfy the skippers. They might help him to allay the fears of the men of unemployment following patriotic service. The Admiralty without much trouble should be able to produce a revised scheme, which will give this very necessary reserve an opportunity of being successfully established.

WILL ULSTER FIGHT? With their Home Rule Bill shortly to be introduced and the certainty that they will be able to pass it, the Government cannot afford to ignore the situation in Ulster. When the Government's intentions were announced there were threats of armed force and talk of imported arms which many people were inclined to take as so much bluster, or Irish "blarney." However, all the time there seems to have been a great deal of quiet organisation going on amongst the Unionists of Ulster, and, according to the Irish correspondent of the *Standard*, the situation is a very serious one indeed. He says that people in Great Britain or elsewhere, who are inclined to treat talk of civil war lightly, are making a great mistake. In Ulster according to him the people take it as a matter of course that civil war will follow Home Rule. To them it is unthinkable that opposition to an Irish Parliament could be kept within legal limits. They mean to give effect to the declaration made by the Irish Unionist Council in November last "We will neither obey the laws nor pay the taxes of an Irish Parliament." To this end Unionist clubs, which, will work in union with the Orange organisation, are being formed all over the north of Ireland, to an even greater extent than they were in 1893. Then they had a membership of 175,000, while as it is now, it is expected in a very short time to have organised a force of 200,000 men. This has been all done in the short space of two months, the decision to revive the clubs having been made no longer ago than that. The clubs admit all able-bodied men who are opposed to Home Rule, and are being organised on military lines. Each club, says the correspondent, has its own district mapped out so that in a few hours, it would be possible to marshal every able-bodied Unionist in Ireland, and allot to him his post. Even allowing for some exaggeration on the part of the correspondent, it is evident that the Government have got to face a very serious situation in Ireland as soon as they take active steps towards the realisation of Home Rule. Such organised resistance will only be quelled after much time, money and blood have been spent. In fact, the Home Rule Bill will merely transfer dissatisfaction and disaffection in Ireland in an intensified form from one part of the country to another.

THE Anchor Line s. s. "Massilia" outward bound passed Suez, on the 19th, and is expected here on the 29th instant.

THE Bank of Madras has reduced its rate of interest by one per cent. The present rate is seven per cent.

MR. TALAB MEOHI KHAN, British Agent at Kabul, who has been staying at Simla for some time, left for Lahore on Tuesday and will on expiry of his leave, rejoin his appointment by the end of next month.

THE enlarged service of telegraphic news from England, which has been temporarily carried out by Reuter's Agency with the increased subsidy from the Government of India, has now been placed on a permanent footing.

THERE is a delightful story of Mr. H. Burrows, who has left the Social Democratic Party on the ground that Mr. Hyndman has captured it for militarism, Mr. Burrows, although he detests war and is in favour of international arbitration, is a revolutionary Socialist, and admits that time was when he believed the "Social Revolution" could only be brought about fighting. To this end Mr. H. Quelch, the now editor of "Justice," Mr. Hyndman, and Mr. Burrows used to foregather in a garden at the back of a London house, and, armed with broomsticks instead of rifles and bayonets, were taught by Mr. H. Champion, an ex-army officer, how to repel cavalry. The idea was that street fighting would be a necessary part of the game, and one ought to be prepared. Mr. Burrows has long since given up the idea of force as a remedy.

A FRIEND of mine who has been spending an Easter holiday at Vigo, in Spain, writes a correspondent, was rather anxious when he started lest the hotel should be the headquarters of violent Portugese Monarchists, for Vigo is only just over the border, and my friend was in search of quiet. His fears were to some extent justified, though not as he expected. For a few days the room next his own was occupied by an aristocratic Portuguese, who started out in the evening at six in a motor decorated with a coronet—presumably to some secret meeting place. He made no disturbance, but he was required to leave at the request of the Portuguese Government. His place, however, was taken by some violent Spanish Republicans convened by Perez Galdos, the novelist, who daily harangued a noisy populace from the windows. My friend now wishes the Monarchist back.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA

THE ROYAL ACADEMY.

A Public Statue of "Peter Pan."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, MAY 5.

EXCEPT that such well-known artists as Messrs. Abbey, Brangwyn and Charles, Shannon do not contribute this year's Royal Academy, may be described as representative—perhaps, in interest, even above that of last year. But it needs more patience than usual to sort out from the crowd the best things. The hanging has rarely been so disastrous Gallery III., wherein the great ones are accustomed to congregate, is a restless, inharmonious confusion; and in almost every room one finds picture clashing with picture, to the detriment of both, when, with small apparent difficulty, the trouble might have been avoided by the exercise of some discrimination. One is driven to ask whether any sort of system would not be better than the present chaos. Suppose, for instance, that portraits were hung together, and sea-pieces, landscapes, and interiors each had their own abiding place. Or there might be a colour-scheme, so that one had a white room, and a red gallery, and a blue chamber. A rather deadly kind of blue is rather fashionable just now, and I am sure artists not making use of it would like to have the works isolated of those who do. Mr. Strang's "The Celestial Globe," which at present rules Gallery VIII. with a rod of iron, might have been used as an index. And the sculptors especially have a most legitimate grievance. They are, on the whole, having a better time than for many years past. Really good work is being done and yet the Academy can give them bare space for warehousing, and none for adequate display of more than a very few exhibits. There is one exception to the general charge of bad hanging. Apart from the merits of the exhibits, the contents of the tiny room devoted to black-and-white have never before, within my experience, been so well arranged.

One of the chief points of popular interest this year will undoubtedly be Sir George Frampton's "Peter Pan" of which the plaster model is to be seen in the Lecture Room. This, as has already been widely announced, is to be executed in bronze and set up in Kensington Gardens—a curious and novel departure. Shall we now have Lorna Doone on the Thames Embankment, and Mr. Pickwick in Trafalgar-square? The precedent seems to promise a new and fertile field for the activities of our sculptors. The artist has had no easy task; and he has imposed an immeasurable burden on those who may accompany small children of this generation on their morning walks in the Gardens when the group is duly installed. One can imagine the demands for full, true, and particular information about each and every rabbit, mouse snail, and fairy that is visible on the tree-trunk that supports Peter. The said Peter is a charming person, and the whole composition has delightful incidents. It is as little in accord with the orthodox canons of art as Mr. Barrie's work is with those of literature or the stage; and it will doubtless serve its purpose none the worse.

SOME PORTRAITS.

The President, Sir E. J. Poynter, is this year represented by two important portraits—of "Mrs. Dubose Taylor" and of "Sir Edward Maude Thompson, G.C.B." An excellent likeness of him is also exhibited by Mr. A. S. Cope as the diploma picture of the latter. Sir L. Alma-Tadema shows two small paintings, characteristic in colour and finish, "A Summer Offering" and "When Flowers Return," hung just above, an able sketch for a picture intended for this year's exhibition, "Flight," by the late Keeper of the Academy, Ernest Crofts. Mr. Sargent's principal portrait is of "The Archbishop of Canterbury," but it will hardly rank in the first line of his achievements. The head is finely modelled, but there is a curious look about the eyes; and the drapery seems less surely painted than we generally expect from the artist. For sheer ability Sir Hubert von Herkomer's Admiral of the Fleet the Lord Fisher of Kilverstone, O. M., G. C. B., G. C. V. O., is perhaps the most satisfactory of this year's portraits; and Mr. J. J. Shannon's "Lady Hindlipe"—a considerable advance on his recent work—is also extremely clever. The Earl of Lonsdale by Mr. J. H. F. Bacon, is a striking and convincing work; and Sir W. B. Richmond's M. Paul Eveva, Rector of University, Brussels and Mr. Arthur Hacker's The Rev. Joseph Wood, D. D. Canon of Rochester, late Head Master of Harrow School are among the successes. But one of the best works of art in this category is Mr. G. A. Storey's "Portrait of the Artist's Father'. No doubt it owes something to age, for it is not a new painting but that is all to the artist's credit, while its simple direct handling and perfect draughtsmanship are very good to see, Mr. William Orpen's "A Man in Black" is finely posed and subtly harmonious in colour. He pays more attention to the latter quality than most of the portraitists of the older school as witness his only other exhibit, "Claude E. S. Bishop, Esq.," which has an unusual and successful decorative effect not even overpowered by the clash of its inharmonious surroundings. One cannot congratulate the Hon. John Collier on his portrait of F. M. the Viscount Kitchener of Khartoum, O. M., G. C. B. It is also labelled "On the North-West Frontier," but the accessories which presumably justify this attempt at local colour are rather feeble, and the sitter is formally posed, with no perceptible relationship thereto

MR. CLAUSEN'S WORK.

Mr. George Clausen sends a good portrait of "C. Harrison Townsend, Esq., F. R. I. B. A.," but it is to other of his work that some of the chief honours of the year will deservedly fall. "Propping the Rick; a Stormy Day" is pretty much what we expect from him—a charming pastoral, full of movement and light, good in colour. But in "From My Window in the Small Hours" we confront one of those inspirations that only come rarely to the best of artists. The subject is just a row of London houses, seen from across their back-yards; with a break that gives a glimpse of the spallid light of street-lamps. Two bare trees shiver dimly in the forecourt; and, above, a bright star dominates the formless sky. Perfect in tone, absolutely devoid of painter's rhetoric, this sincere and unaffected masterpiece holds its own even in a veritable hall of discord; and fills one with a grave content. There is another painting that reaches, on different lines as high a level—Mr. Edward Stott's "Hagar and Ishmael"—a grey desert, a distance of infinite delicacy beneath a black twilight; and, in the foreground, the pathetic figures of the subject, reverently done and with extreme reticence and sincerity. Mr. Stott's "Her Thoughts were her Children" might well, after the manner of the old cataloguers, have been called "The Madonna with the Rabbit." But for the entire modernity of handling of the latter, it is like jumping three centuries, to turn to another remarkable painting in the same room, Mr. John Lavery's "The Amazon." This is, in every respect, a picture of to-day. The lady sits her horse impassive and serene, on high ground overlooking a rough valley that stretches for miles to the distant horizon. The composition is daringly cut by a pig-spear that she holds perpendicularly; and the whole group is a splendid representation of arrested movement without an atom of artificiality of pose or gesture. Mr. Lavery could hardly have better justified his election than by this bold and successful effort—by far the best thing he has shown for several years. Mr. Adrian Stokes, in "Autumn on the Simplon" employes a more vigorous style of brush-work than usual; but he entirely justifies it. The mountains are finely painted, and his brilliant colour-scheme is ably worked out, though, here again, the hanging has been almost cruel to him. "In the Heart of the Alps", by the same artist, is beautiful in light and colour, and with a masterly sky. The sky, also, is a feature of Mr. Arnesly Brown's "The Drove." Mr. James Sant maintains his wonderful record by the exhibition of four works.

A NEW QUARTET.

A quartet in D minor by Julius Harrison which had not previously been heard in London, was the most considerable feature of the concert given by that composer and Mr. Easthope Martin at the Aeolian Hall the other night. It is quite an interesting and well-written work. The first movement is strong and forcible, the scherzo is dainty and fanciful, with a good deal of clever detail and originality, and an original trio; the slow movement ("De profundis") is a deeply felt and expressive piece of music, with some admirably effective polyphonic writing; while that Finale contains also some excellent music, of a highly coloured and dramatic character—the movement being apparently based on a programme of some kind. In fact, the whole work is characterised by a degree of originality and maturity of style rarely encountered in the works of a young composer. But it might well be abbreviated. It is quite Beethovenish, indeed, in respect of its length and repetition; and these are qualities in regard to which Beethoven need not be imitated. The work had the benefit of a capital performance by the English String Quartet. Mr. Easthope Martin songs, with some smaller works by Mr. Harrison, completed the programme, which had their merits, too, though they approach at times ... ballad. ... superficial effectiveness of the popular ... The composer, in fact, appears to be not quite certain whether to make for success in this easy field or to aim at something higher, and in some cases the divergence of ideal is to be noted even within the limits of a single song. In general, however, his songs are very neatly put out of hand, and they had the benefit of being excellently interpreted by Miss Dora Gibson, a lady with a really fine voice, which she uses with no little skill. Other examples were sung by Mr. Thorpe Bates, while Miss Kathleen Bruckshaw, who played a couple of Mr. Harrison's piano pieces was another contributor to the programme.

A BRITISH CONCERT.

The concert of music by modern British composers which was given by the New Symphony Orchestra at Queen's Hall, yesterday afternoon, was doubtless well-intentioned, but rather ill-advised. The programme, in the first place, was entirely unrepresentative of native art at its best. We have in Sir Edward Elgar a composer who can hold his own against the greatest foreign writers of the day, yet not a single work from his pen figured in the scheme. Frederick Delius, again has earned world-wide fame yet his name was also conspicuous by its absence. Surely at such a concert as that of yesterday the "Enigma" Variations of the former and the latter's "Paris" ought emphatically to have been played. In the second place, to be compelled to listen to a series of immature works by young musicians, who though certainly very able, have not all yet found their feet, is calculated to set the public against modern English music rather than to reconcile them to it. One does not deny that such pieces as were performed well deserve an occasional hearing, but they are not of strong enough stuff to form an entire programme; and a sense of tedium can only result when so many rather obviously imitative works are placed in juxtaposition.

AN AMERICAN CORONATION PERFORMANCE.

Mr. Charles Frohman is, as may be imagined, extremely anxious to contribute his quota to the Coronation festivities. Circumstances aiding, he proposes that this shall take the form of a single performance, some time in June, in which as many leading American actors and actresses as may be available at the time will take part. Among those upon whose services Mr. Frohman can already depend are Mr. William Gillette, who sailed from New York last Saturday, Mr. William Craven, Mr. Kyrle Bellew, who has been so long in America, as almost to have forgotten that he was originally an English actor, and Miss Marie Doro. Nothing definite is yet settled, but with so promising a nucleus there ought to be no difficulty in developing the project. The proceeds of the performance would, naturally, be devoted to charitable purposes. By the bye, Mr. Gillette has advised Mr. Frohman by cable that he has relinquished all idea of having a London season this year, and that he intends to give up all his spare time to the writing of a new play of the 'Secret Service' type.

AN "ALL-STAR" MATINEE.

Everything points to a bumper house at the St. James's when the "All-Star" Matinee is given in aid of that admirable institution, the Three Arts Club. Its president, Princess Marie Louise of Schleswig-Holstein, has promised to be present, and an amazingly attractive programme is now being organised by Miss Lena Ashwell, "chairman" of the club, and Miss Eva Moore, its "vice-chairman." The main difficulty will be to find places in it for all the distinguished actors and actresses who have generously volunteered their assistance. One of the principal items of the entertainment is a performance of Ben Jonson's masque, "The Hue and Cry after Cupid" by a notable company, including Miss Evelin Millard, Miss Eva Moore, Miss Evelyn D'Alroy, Miss Alexandra Carlisle, Miss Marion Terry, Lady Tree, Miss Lilian Braithwaite, Miss Lillah McCarthy, Miss Marie Lohr, Miss Vera le Fleming as Cupid, and Miss Lena Ashwell as Hymen.

"THE ARCADIANS" ANNIVERSARY.

Before a house crowded in every part, "The Arcadians" celebrated its second anniversary a few nights ago and aroused as much laughter and applause as though it were a new piece. Mr. Robert Courtneidge has re-dressed the company, and given the third act a really beautiful new scene of roses and vine. He has had also introduced several new songs, all of which went remarkably well last night notably a lively "Two-step" duet, by Mr. Howard Talbot, for Miss Maudie Thornton and Mr. H. E. Ray; a bright little ditty, by Mr. Lionel Monckton entitled "I'll be a Sister to you all," which Miss Cicely Courtneidge gave very coquettishly and followed up with a dance which brought the house down; and a song in more serious vein called Sunshine in Flood for Miss Florence Smithson, in which an elaborate cadenza was sung with so exquisite an art and so beautiful a freshness of voice that, although it came almost at the end of a long evening of enthusiasm, the audience encored it with a roar of applause. Miss Smithson's singing is perhaps the most remarkable feature in the performance of "The Arcadians. Mr. Harry Welchman, also, is one of the pleasantest and most unaffected singers and actors on the lighter lyric stage. On the comic side of the performance there are still the inimitably droll Doody of Mr. Alfred Lester, whose "Motto" song in the third act was encored about half a dozen times the beaming comicality of Mr.

THE BUDGET AND TEA DUTY.

PREFERENCE TO INDIA REFUSED.

American and Chinese Markets.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 22.

In the report stage of the Budget debate, Mr. Wheler moved an amendment to make the duty on Empire-grown tea four-pence.

Mr. Lloyd George asked what India would give in return? She obtained four-fifths of her important manufactured goods from Britain. On the other hand the United States was every year a larger consumer of Indian tea. It would be preposterous to ask India to discriminate in our favour against one of her best customers. Again, China bought more of our goods than she did of those of any other three European countries. Was it good business to discriminate heavily against one of our best customers?

Mr. Austen Chamberlain said the acceptance of the amendment would be received in India as an earnest of our desire to promote her prosperity.

Mr. J. A. Pease stated that it would mean the loss of a million sterling to the revenue, irritation on the part of China and Japan, and very little gain to India.

The motion was rejected by 212 to 147.

LORD LANSDOWNE'S BILL.

Second Reading Passed.

LONDON, MAY 22.

In the House of Lords to-day, the second reading of Lord Lansdowne's Reform Bill was passed without a division.

Lord Haldane reiterated the hope that the two parties would co-operate in the matter of reform, and the necessity for first passing the Veto Bill. Lord Lansdowne's Bill was a great step forward. To that extent there was a measure of agreement; they would certainly not divide against the Bill. It might, however, be a long journey before the reconstitution necessary in order to repair and make stable the fabric of the Constitution was completed.

Lord Lansdowne, winding up the debate, said he had been criticised for not including representatives of the Dominions, but he believed it impossible, without a kind of revolution far beyond the limits of the Bill, to adopt this attractive and patriotic suggestion. He defended the fairness of the Bill, but did not in any way wish it to be regarded as unamendable.

COTTON-GAMBLING.

Board of Trade Cannot Take Action.

LONDON, MAY 22.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Field in a question, called attention to the past deplorable effects of cotton-gambling on the cotton industry, stating that the markets were now cornered by syndicates, rendering the prospects of Lancashire unfavourable before October, and asking whether the Government proposed anything to remedy this state of affairs.

Mr. Buxton, President of the Board of Trade, admitted the possibility of the detrimental effects of speculative dealings in cotton, but did not consider that any useful action could be taken.

AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.

The Killing of Chinese.

WASHINGTON, MAY 23.

The Chinese Minister here has instructed the Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico to make strong representations with reference to the killing of many Chinese at Torreon, including the banker, Lim, by the revolutionaries.

GERMAN COTTON LOCK-OUT.

BERLIN, MAY 23.

Ten thousand cotton operatives have been locked out at Muenster.

FIRE ON P. AND O. BOAT.

LONDON, MAY 22.

A fire broke out to-day on the P. and O. steamer "Oriental" at Shanghai. It was extinguished, but considerable damage was done to the cargo. The vessel itself has received no injury.

The s.s. "Oriental" formerly did the local run between Bombay and Aden, in conjunction with her sister ship "Peninsula." Her registered tonnage is 5,284.

EMPIRE DAY RIFLE CUP.

High Positions of Indian Teams.

LONDON, MAY 22.

One hundred and fifty-five teams have entered for the Schumacher's Empire Day Cup.

The leading scores up to the present are as follows:—

2nd Hampshire Regiment.....	3,428
Marine Artillery, Portsmouth	2,907
108th Infantry	2,830
38th Dogras	2,656
2nd Berkshires	2,625
H. M. S. "Pembroke".....	2,615
35th Sikhs	2,593
1st Lancasters	2,578
2nd Rifles	2,567
15th Sikhs	2,540

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

Luncheon at Buckingham Palace.

BRILLIANT FUNCTION AT FOREIGN OFFICE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 22.

There were sixty guests at the Buckingham Palace luncheon. Among those present were the Prince of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Prince and Princess Christian, the Duke and Duchess of Argyll, Mr. and Mrs. Asquith, Mr. and Mrs. Harcourt and the colonial officials and delegates. There was no speech making.

After luncheon, Their Majesties mingled with the guests in the drawing-room conversing individually with the Premiers and the delegates and their wives.

The guests remained altogether two and a half hours.

The Imperial Conference delegates have decided to hold four morning sittings weekly at the Foreign Office, and others if required.

Mr. Asquith will preside to-morrow at eleven o'clock, and formally welcome the delegates.

LONDON, MAY 23.

Most of the papers have leaders and special articles on the Imperial Conference, to-day. They consider that defence is the most important question, and hope that the Secretariat will be developed in the direction of permanence.

The Delegates, yesterday, agreed upon a uniform policy in regard to accepting or declining social invitations.

The Premier's Reception.

Two thousand guests, the most distinguished in English life, attended Mr. Asquith's reception of the Dominion Ministers at the Foreign Office last evening. Mrs. Harcourt replaced Mrs. Asquith, who was absent owing to a recent bereavement.

The guests at Mr. Asquith's dinner included most of the Cabinet ministers, the Duke of Argyll, Lords Aberdeen, Minto, Beauchamp, Kitchener, Milner, and Strathcona, Mr. Austen Chamberlain and Mr. Alfred Lyttelton.

Opening of the Conference.

LONDON, MAY 23.

The Imperial Conference assembled to-day. Mr. Asquith, in his address, heartily welcomed the delegates, and outlined the nature of the discussions which would be held.

Mr. Asquith spoke for half an hour. He referred to the deaths of King Edward and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and other changes which had taken place since the last Conference. He emphasised that Premiers held commissions from the same King, and mandates from the same people. They had met for the common good of the Empire, and he hoped that substantial results would accrue.

The Premiers replied, giving assurances of their loyalty to the new Sovereign. General Botha, especially made a feeling reference to Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman's death, he dwelt on the changes in South Africa and said that no portion of the Empire was more loyal than the Union.

Sir Joseph Ward, the Premier of New Zealand proposed that the meetings be open to the press but withdrew the motion in view of the opposition of the other delegates.

Sir J. Ward then opened discussion on an Imperial Council of State, and the meeting afterwards adjourned until Thursday.

Investiture Ceremony.

LATER.

At an investiture at Buckingham Palace to-day, the King knighted and invested with the insignia of the Order of the Bath, Sir Edmund Barrow. His Majesty also invested Major-General Reginald Mahon with the Order of the Star of India, and Colonel Banzera with the Companionship of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

FESTIVAL OF EMPIRE.

Chateau Gay Scene to be Restored.

LONDON, MAY 23.

The Canadian Pageant Committee, for the Festival of Empire, has decided to restore the scene, depicting the defeat of the American invaders at Chateau Gay, which was eliminated from the programme in deference to American susceptibilities.

THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR.

Anxiety as to his Health.

VIENNA, MAY 23.

Although it is officially announced that the Emperor Francis Joseph is in good health and is walking out and transacting business as usual, the summoning of the specialist, Herr Neussen to visit His Majesty and the latter's attacks of coughing are causing some anxiety.

The Bourse is depressed.

THE MOROCCAN REVOLT.

LONDON, MAY 22.

The Moors attacked the camp at Taurirt at daybreak yesterday, but were routed and driven across the Mulaya River.

Spanish troops have occupied Mount Negro, to the south of Ceuta.

LORD CURZON.

LONDON, MAY 23.

Lord Curzon has been elected President of the Royal Geographical Society.

THE CORONATION.

King George's Thought for the Poor.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 23.

King George has ordered a stand to be erected in the Guildhall yard, to enable poor children and aged persons from workhouses to witness the Coronation procession.

Divine Service at Simla.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

SIMLA, MAY 23.

The following "Gazette Extraordinary" is issued under the signature of Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Maxwell, Military Secretary to the Viceroy:—

"His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General will attend divine service at Christ Church, Simla, at 11 a. m. on Thursday the 22nd June, 1911, the day appointed for the solemnity oft he Coronation of His Majesty King George the Fifth, Emperor of India.

"His Honour the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Hon'ble Sir John Prescot Hewett, the Members of the Governor General's Council, Consular officers and other representatives of foreign Governments in Simla and officers of His Majesty's service, Civil, Naval and Military, are invited to attend and should apply for reserved seats to the Chaplain of Simla before the June 10th. Admission will be in all cases by tickets.

The gentlemen are requested kindly to be in their places in the church not later than 10-55 a. m.

Levee dress will be worn by the Civil, full dress by the Naval, review order by the Military officers and morning dress by all gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform.

THE ASIATIC PROBLEM IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Alleged Assaults on Women.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CAPE TOWN, MAY 23.

Attention is again concentrating on the so-called Black Peril problem. Several cases of attempted criminal assault on white women, by blacks, have excited public opinion intensely, and have led to demonstrations and attempts at lynching.

At extraordinary affair is reported from Bulwayo. A prominent resident, named Lewis, deliberately, and in cold blood, shot dead a native newsboy, whom he accused of impropriety towards his children. Lewis surrendered himself, and has been charged with murder. He has been released on a bail of £3,000. The public supports Lewis.

THE NASTIN TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.

Many Cures Reported.

LONDON, MAY 23.

According to the official report on the Nastin treatment of leprosy, in British Guiana, since May 1908, four were discharged cured while upto March, there were fifty-six cases where the leprosy bacilli had disappeared. It was hoped that 75 per cent. of these would be discharged in three months.

HUNGARIAN ARMY BILL.

Number of Recruits Increased.

BUDAPEST, MAY 23.

The Hungarian Government has submitted an Army Bill increasing the recruits by seventy thousand annually, and reducing the period of service to two years, except in the case of cavalry and artillery, in which it will be three.

POLO IN AMERICA.

Perplexing Form of the British Team.

LONDON, MAY 23.

A telegram from Westbury, Long Island, says that the "scrub" team, which was recently beaten by Mr. Whitney, the two brothers Waterbury and Mr. Milburn by 15 goals to 2, yesterday defeated the English challengers, Mr. Edwards and Captains Cheape, Lloyd and Barrett, by a gross score of 13 goals to 2. As the result of two fouls and two safeties the American score was reduced to 11½; while one foul and one safety reduced the English score to 1½.

The spectators were jubilant, thinking that the results of the games of yesterday and the 20th inst. make the English chances of 'lifting' the cup extremely remote, unless they are concealing their form. Friends of the visitors point out that the Englishmen have not yet used ten of their best ponies, which everyone concedes is a big handicap.

It is rumoured that the team may be reconstructed. In yesterday's game, Captain Cheape and Captain Lloyd played the finest polo ever witnessed here. Captain Barrett's work was criticised as ragged. Captain Cheape scored both goals. The pace of the Americans seemed too fast for Mr. Edwards and Capt. Barrett, who missed frequently.

A scratch team composed of Messrs. Rumsey, Alexander, Foxhall-Keene and Phipps defeated the cup defenders, the two brothers Waterbury, Mr. Whitney and Mr. Burden by 7 goals to 6 last Sunday. The defeat is attributed to the absence of Mr. Milburn, who twisted his ankle while playing tennis on Saturday. The scratch team was by no means a formidable side.

CRICKET AT HOME.

LONDON, MAY 23.

Northamptonshire beat gloucestershire, at Northampton, by ten wickets.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

Concession to Germany.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 23.

At a meeting of the Central Asian Society to-day, M. Cheradame, a well-known French authority, said that the Alexandretta concession to the Baghdad Company in exchange for the retrocession of the Company's rights in regard to the Gulf sections, to Turkey, gave the Germans a magnificent Mediterranean port, the extreme political importance of which would be seen later. England, Russia and France should agree, in time to take action in defence of common interests.

M. Wessilitzki, a Russian, said he had the best authority for declaring that Russia was still free to act in concert with England and France. The efficacy of the Triple entente depended upon its consistent and united action.

Speakers generally agreed that the entente still possessed considerable means by which to uphold its interest in the railway.

SITUATION IN PORTUGAL.

Genuine Agitation Prevailing.

MADRID, MAY 22.

Reports have reached well-informed quarters that a more or less veiled but real agitation reigns in Portugal.

LONDON, MAY 23.

The *Daily Mail* states that the Portuguese in London have received news that a counter-revolution in Portugal, has been carefully organised, and that an outbreak is imminent in Lisbon. It is intended that the Monarchists of Oporto shall give the signal for the revolt.

BRITISH INSURANCE BILL.

Actuarial Report.

LONDON, MAY 23.

An actuarial report estimates that 9,842,000 males and 4,076,000 females will come within the sickness and disablement provisions of the Insurance Bill.

MUNSHIGUNG BOMB CASE.

Accused's Appeal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The Munshigung Bomb Case came up for hearing to-day, before Justices Caspersz and Sharfuddin. In this case one Lalit Chunder Chowdhuri was convicted by the Sessions Judge of Dacca under the Explosive Substances Act and was sentenced to ten years' transportation. The prosecution case is that on certain information the police searched the house of the accused at Munshigung and found eleven bombs in a tin canister inside a trunk. The assessors found the accused not guilty, but the Sessions Judge disagreed and convicted the accused. Their Lordships admitted the appeal.

SAVED FROM DROWNING.

Gallantry of European Lad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MAY 23.

What might have been a fatal drowning accident was averted on Sunday last by the pluck of a young European lad. A party of four boys, including Oswald de Revara, went to the Gomati River for a swim. They had scarcely entered the water when there were heard cries of help. De Revara swam up and after several attempts succeeded in rescuing a Hindu lad named Lalloo aged sixteen years. The boy was taken out completely exhausted.

THE "GERMAN COUNT'S" CASE.

Alleged Illegal Arrest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

At the High Court this evening, before Justices Caspersz and Sharfuddin, Mr. Jackson moved on behalf of Rudolf Stallmann known as "German Count," who was arrested under the Extradition Act and is being tried at Alipore, for a rule to show cause why the proceedings against him should not be quashed. Counsel said, the Magistrate had no jurisdiction to try the case or to hold an enquiry and there was not evidence of any extraditable kind. Referring to the rearrest of the accused in Court, the counsel said, "He was not the accused then. He attended the Court and was arrested. Could he refuse to go to Alipore? I say the Court had no more power to arrest this man than they have power to arrest the Governor-General. It is a gross outrage on a person in Court. The whole thing was a travesty of justice. It is an absolute farce. Their Lordships took time to consider the matter.

DEFAMATION BY MILL SHAREHOLDER.

Court Refuses to Take Action.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The Chief Magistrate, to-day, passed orders in the matter of the application made by the Manager and Cashier of Bango Lakshmi Cotton Mills against Langat Sing, a large shareholder of the above mill, on a charge of defamation. It was alleged that at a meeting of the shareholders of the mill the defendant said: "You have first to see how many lakhs of rupees are looted in cotton. Excepting the Managing Director, every fellow of the mill and of the office is a thief."

The Magistrate in dismissing the application held that the accused acted with perfect "bona fides."

MAJOR ROBERTSON MILNE, I.M.S., Superintendent, Berhampore Lunatic Asylum, died on Monday morning of typhoid fever.

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION IN INDIA.

Plaint of Bengal Chamber of Commerce.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 23.

The committee of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, in a recent communication to the Railway Board, complained that the commercial [illegible] are not fully taken into confidence in bodies [illegible] of railway construction. They have the matter [illegible] the practice followed by other suggested tha[illegible] departments of the Government might obtain in the Railway Department—that is to say, the various Chambers of Commerce might be consulted in the early stages [illegible] of a contemplated new line, an extension or a [illegible] whatever the particular project might be. Under the existing conditions, it sometimes happens that nothing is known by the Chambers of any particular scheme of railway extension until it is practically decided upon.

The other conditions raised by the Chamber will hardly bear the test of scrutiny, as an elaborate procedure is invariably followed to give the widest publicity to a railway survey or construction. The present practice is that, should the Government of India desire to have a railway survey, a notification must appear in the *Gazette of India* briefly indicating its range and extent, and this must also appear in the local gazette of the province concerned. As soon as the survey is completed, a project is made out giving the initial and terminal points, gauge, length, estimated cost and some information of the commercial value of the project. This is added to the statement of railway and tramway projects which is published annually in the railway administration report, copies of which are supplied free of charge to commercial bodies and important public associations. Then comes the question of construction, and directly the construction of a line is decided upon it is generally included in the railway programme and shown in the Budget along with the amounts provided for the purpose, with a view to afford members of Council, sufficient materials for the discussion of the construction programme.

Finally, before a line can be put in hand, an official notification must appear in the Imperial and provincial gazettes, announcing the sanction by the Secretary of State or the Government of India as the case may be. These procedures are elaborate enough and so far have proved extremely satisfactory.

It is, however, understood that Sir T. R. Wynne, President of the Railway Board, will discuss this question informally with the Bengal Chamber of Commerce during his next visit to Calcutta.

PROGRESS IN MYSORE.

Annual Conference to be Held.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, MAY 23.

A *Gazette Extraordinary* issued by the Mysore Government, last night, notified that, as from the 8th June next, during the foregathering for the birthday festivities at Mysore, the first session of an annual conference of officials and non-officials will be held to consider matters of State. The notification says that the Maharajah has had under consideration for some time the desirability of associating men of enlightment within the State, public-spirited citizens, prominent agriculturists, merchants and others with officers of the Government in deliberations connected with economic progress in Mysore.

The Representative Assembly goes a certain way in this direction, says the order, but it is obvious that a large body meeting and deliberating only once a year can do but little. The conference is not to discuss questions, (1) which concern the prerogative of the Maharaja; (2) the constitution of the State by its relations with the Government of India or the policy of the Supreme Government.

Out of the list of twenty-two subjects officially suggested for consideration, the following are the more important ones:—(1) Education among the backward classes; (2) the extension of primary and technical education; (3) compulsory education in selected areas; (4) a Mysore University; (5) the impecuniosity of the Mysore ryots; (6) an industrial survey; (7) iron and steel manufactures; (8) cheap electric powers for large and cottage industries; (9) reducing the number of State holidays; (10) the selection and laying out of a hill-station in Mysore, to serve as a popular summer resort.

LOCAL PRESS COMMENT.

BANGALORE, MAY 23.

Commenting on the Mysore Government notification, creating an annual conference of officials and non-officials to consider matters relating to the economic progress of the State, the *Daily Post*, objects to the officializing of the institution, saying that it should be composed more of non-officials, than officials, elected by the people as in the case of the representative assembly, and predicts that the effect will be to impair the utility of the latter body. Objection is also taken to the stipulation that the proceedings of the conference will not be open to the Press, because it is obvious that the Press could largely assist in the discussion of the subjects laid down.

BRAHMINS CHARGED WITH DACOITY.

No Political Motive Assigned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The Sessions Judge of Burdwan is engaged in the hearing of a case in which two respectable looking Brahmin youths, and eight others stand charged with committing a dacoity. It is alleged that on the night of January 3 the accused, with others, armed with swords, axes, guns, and lathis invaded the house of Soshi Bhusan Chatterjee and, after assaulting the inmates and ransacking the house, went away with property worth Rs. 350. No political motive is assigned to the offence, but the Crown alleges that these Brahmins had organised a band of dacoits for their personal benefit.

The case is proceeding.

HINDU RUNS AMOK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

One Bashu Keora, a low caste Hindu, caused a panic and sensation in the village of Matno in the Howrah District by cutting off his mother's head, hanging it round his neck and rushing wildly about. He climbed up a tree to avoid arrest, but was afterwards secured.

SANITARY IMPROVEMENT IN MADRAS.

Circular Order to District Boards.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 23.

The following Government Order has been issued:—In May last year all the Presidents of District Boards and Chairmen of Municipal Councils were requested to submit applications for allotments from a special grant of Rs. 3 1-2 lakhs for expenditure in 1911-12 on the scheme of sanitary improvements of an urgent nature which could be executed from funds at their disposal. This special grant has since been supplemented by a further assignment of Rs. 6 18 lakhs from the Provincial funds. The total amount available for distribution to local bodies has thus been raised to Rs. 9-68 lakhs. The Koraput District Board and Bezwada, Masuliptam, Palni, Tirupati, Vaniyambadi, Cuddalore, Tuticorin, Hornskpale and Vizagapatam Municipal Councils did not submit any application for assistance. The Government observe that no application was received from Bezwada, Tuticorin and Anakapalle Municipal Councils in the previous year either. They trust that these and other local bodies mentioned will institute a careful survey of the sanitary needs of the areas under their jurisdiction and mature schemes for execution in 1912-13. Representations of the remaining local bodies were carefully considered by the Government as they came in, and such of claims as related to schemes which had not been fully matured or to works which were not directly connected with the permanent improvement of sanitation were rejected. Items noted for consideration at the time of the final distribution of the grant have now been examined. A sum of Rs. 3,840 will be distributed among various District Boards and Municipalities for contribution towards the payment of enhanced local allowances to sanitary officials and of the balance Rs. 455,219 has been allotted to District Boards and Rs. 5,03,413 to Municipal Councils and the balance of Rs. 5,528, of which Rs. 5,000 is intended primarily for Kodaikanal will be held in reserve for the present. The District Boards and Municipal Councils to which grants have now been given will be requested to draw them as soon as possible and spend them on ojects for which they are intended with the utmost expedition consistent with efficiency.

MADRAS CITY POLICE.

Discontent and Resignations.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 23.

The "Madras News Agency", recently established here, supplied the press with information regarding the sudden epidemic of resignations amongst the European members of the City Police force. The "Madras Times", commenting on it, says:—"We have taken pains to verify the truth of this extraordinary communication and find that it is correct in every detail. This being the case, the state of affairs revealed is decidedly alarming. What seems to be established is that the discontent of some kind is at the bottom of the trouble and a general impression prevails that this is due to the incressing strictness, if not severity, with which the subordinate officers and men are being treated. We are quite aware that the discipline of the force has not been all that it ought to have been in the past and that the task before those who have been trying to restore order has been no light and very great credit is due to the heads of the Department for improvemen's made in this direction. On the other hand the maintenance of strict discipline can be of little use if a considerable proportion of the subordinate officers and men are at heart discontented, and the presence in the city of a considerable number of ex-members of the force who have resigned because they considered themselves hardly treated, seems likely to affect unfavourably the progress of recruiting."

CALCUTTA VICTORIA MEMORIAL.

Progress of Building Work.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The Calcutta Victoria Memorial has made considerable progress. The walls are up over twenty feet above the level of the ground. The walls of the great central hall are twenty-five feet above ground.

AMRITSAR POISONING CASE.

Treatment of the Rani in Jail.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 23.

In the Amritsar case, the Hon'ble Mr. Shadilal filed an application before the Chief Justice and Justice Jhonstone complaining that the [illegible] recently passed by the Chief Court in respect o[illegible] facilities to Sardarnie Bhagwan Koer, known as the [illegible] Rani Sahiba, as regards food while in jail, have not been observed by Major Ward, the new Jail Superintendent. Their Lordships decided to examine Major Ward himself and to pass orders after ascertaining the facts from him.

RIOTS IN KHULNA.

Armed Police Leave Howrah.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The Mussalman rising in Khulna has assumed a serious aspect. Last evening, the District Magistrate of Khulna, accompanied by armed police and several respectable Mahomedans, went to the village of Chasiadah, where the rioting is still going on. On the receipt of an alarming message, the Divisional Commissioner has also sent eighty-five armed police under four European officers to the scene. A fresh disturbance is apprehended.

One hundred armed police from Alipore and one hundred from Howrah left Calcutta this morning for the centre of the Mahomedan Namasudra riots in Khulna.

PANDITSHAR POLITICAL DACOITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Madaripore on Monday released Girindra Chunder Bhattacharjee, the accused in the Panditshar political dacoity case, on bail. Girindra was an accused in the Sarisoari political dacoity case which was recently tried by the Sessions Judge of Mymensing. After his acquittal in that case, Girindra was arrested again in connection with the Panditshar dacoity and brought down to Madaripore for trial.

The hearing of the case is fixed for Saturday next.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 5.

G. E. LARNER came out of retirement for the purpose of competing at the Olympic Games, and how he defeated all rivals will be remembered by some of my readers. E. J. Webb succeeded him as English champion, but now that the latter has been defeated by G. Goulding of Canada, Larner has again emerged from retirement. It is a real sporting action on his part and all must admire his spirit. His intention is to try to get into form for the Olympiad at Stockholme next year, and though he is now quite a veteran, he may succeed. Larner walked well when winning the seven miles championship at Stamford Bridge on Saturday, his time being 52 mins. 8 secs. real good going considering the cold wind blowing. This is nowhere near his record, but we shall no doubt see him do better things during the summer.

A GOOD TEN MILER.

Perseverence meets with reward sometimes, as instance by the victory of W. Scott in the ten miles running championship on Saturday. He finished second in 1909, and again filled a like position last year, besides gaining second place in the four miles championship and the National Cross-Country Championship. It will thus be seen that he has not won out of his turn. He ran away from all his rivals in the race under notice, and won by 600 yards from A. S. D. Smith, the old Cambridge three miler, in 52 mins. 26 secs. When the wind resistance is taken into consideration, this ranks as a really high class performance, and Scott may yet get near records.

INTERNATIONAL FRAY.

The fact that we are likely to see another trial of strength between American and English 'Varsity athletes this summer is pleasing. It is thought that the contest will take place at Queen's Club in July, and with other big events already arranged, the season is likely to be an exceptional one. Cambridge has two splendid athletes in Mc.illan and Baker, who between them ought to beat their American cousins from all distances at 100 yards up to one mile. The Light Blues also have a fair jumper in Dubois, who hails from India, but beyond this, the talent is poor. However the Cambridge men meet Yale or Harvard, it will mean that Baker and McMillan will be fit when the Festival of Empire Games are held, so that they may be prevailed on to represent the United Kingdom.

THE RACQUETS CHAMPIONSHIP.

C. Williams surprised his most ardent admirers in the first half of the world's racquets championship between Jamsetji and himself at Queen's Club on Saturday. The Indian had shown such splendid form in his practice match with E. M. Baerlein, that many people thought he would beat the challenger. Jamsetji started well and was leading by seven aces at one stage of the opening game. The young Englishman then settled down, and his pace, strength, and stamina proved too much for the visitor, who however played with wonderful skill. By winning four straight games, Williams has made his prospects look rosy, for he now only requires to win one of the games in the second portion of the match to secure the championship. Jamsetji proved his sportsmanship by the manner he took his defeat, and his remark "The best man won" gained him many new friends. The scores were:—18—15, 15—2, 15—9, and 15—8.

The challenge round of the amateur championship was also played at Queen's Club, H. A. Denison qualifying to meet E. M. Baerlein. The holder had an easy thing however, winning three straight games, the scores being 15—2, 15—6, and 15—3.

LAWN TENNIS.

It is only recently that the victory of a French youth over A. F. Wilding at the French Lawn Tennis Championship was chronicled. Another young Frenchman has now distinguished himself by winning the English Covered Court Championship at Queen's Club. F. G. Lowe was the holder, but few thought he would retain his title after the form shown by A. H. Gobert in the preliminaries. The French won the first set in the challenge round by 6—3, and though Lowe made a good rally in the second set, and led by 5—2 at one stage, Gobert would not be denied and finally won by 7—5. The third went to him at 6—2, and so he gained the championship. Of course he may not show to the same advantage on grass courts, but he must be dangerous should he come to Wimbledon for the All-England honour.

SCULLING.

The match between E. Barry and W. Albany for the English championship on Monday, proved a very one-sided race. Albany got away at the start and was nearly three lengths ahead nearing the two miles mark. Directly Barry made his effort however, it was all over, the champion going away to win easily by 7 lengths. It was a bad day for sculling, consequently Barry's time of 23 mins. 2 secs. for the 4 1-4 miles was really better than it appeared. Albany has youth and strength, and with further experience may yet make a champion. Barry is now anxious to meet Arnst on the Thames and it is quite probable the Australian will give the Englishman an opportunity of trying to avenge the defeat on the Zambesi.

RETURNING THE COMPLIMENT.

Belgian Oarsmen have visited Henley Regatta on several occasions, and at last an English crew is about to return the compliment. It is Jesus College Cambridge which has come forward, and the Cantabs will meet the famous Belgians at the Ghent Regatta on May 25. The Englishmen may not stand much chance against the Belgians with their more up-to-date and less tiring stroke, but their sportsmanship in trying, is sure to gain them a big reception in Belgium.

THE BILLIARD CHAMPIONSHIP.

Inman had to undergo a slight operation to his nose towards the end of his championship match with Stevenson, consequently he was somewhat handicapped. Not that this had any bearing on the result however, for once Stevenson found his form the issue was safe. The champion finally won by 7086 points, his average for the match being 38·65 as against Inman's 36·29. At the conclusion of the game; Gray challenged the pair, but Stevenson declined. Inman, however, was more enterprising, and said he was willing to meet the [illegible] in a match of 16,000 up with crystalate Australian [illegible] would give him the first balls, providing Gray [illegible] (Gray) ever take to refusal of a match should be [illegible] Inman ivory balls. It is hard to see what [illegible] or Stevenson can stand against the Colonial, but as there is money in a match, probably we shall see the cracks in opposition.

June has been suggested as a suitable time, and the National Sporting Club may be the venue.

FOOTBALL OVER.

Extraordinary interest was taken in some of the last football matches of the season, on which leading honours, the question of promotion, and of relegation, depended. Aston Villa's failure at Liverpool, enabled Manchester United to secure the First Division championship, whilst at the other end, Bristol City and Notts Forest will have to go down into the Second Division.

Injuries to players sorely tried Chelsea during the last few weeks of the season, and defeat at Gainsborough left the club behind West Bromwich, Albion and Bolton Wanderers. The success of West Bromwich Albion is deserved, and it is pleasing to remember that all the players are English, whilst most of them are purely local men.

CRICKET.

Anything tending to do away with the element of luck, and make the game more equal to both sides, ought to meet with general support. Thus the proposal "that the side losing the toss in the first innings of a country match shall have the option of batting first in the return match" found much favour. Strange to say however, the M. C. C. officials rejected this wise proposal, whilst accepting such an absurdity as awarding a point to a side losing a match on the first innings.

THE FIRST CENTURY.

Ducat of Surrey, who plays football for Woolwich Arsenal, is the first player to make a century this season, so far as first class matches are concerned. This was in the Surrey trial match at Kennington Oval, and his contribution of 130 was made in 100 minutes and included a 6, a 5, and eighteen 4's. Duca is promising player, and may gain Test honours before long.

A NEW ZEALAND STAR.

A feature of the Seniors match at Cambridge University this week was the good all-round form of L. W. Bridges, who played a nice innings of 74, and took 7 wickets for 85 runs, and 6 for 135

Bridges hails from New Zealand and he looks like making a name in the cricket world.

Bowlers equally have the best of matters at the start of the season, owing to the condition of the turf. The Yorkshire vs. Staffordshire match gave Drake and Deyes a chance to do some deadly work with the ball. The former got 5 Staffordshire wickets for 34 runs, whilst Deyes dismissed 5 Yorkshiremen for 39. More splendid bowling was seen during the Notts Y.M.C.C. match at Lords, Buckenham taking 6 wickets for 20 runs in the first innings of Notts, whilst Riley got rid of 6 batsmen for 35 runs, when M.C.C. went in.

Rushby and Smith also met with success in the Surrey vs. Warwickshire match at Oval, the former taking 3 wickets for 29, and Smith 6 for 38.

THE TURF.

Lord Burgoyne disappointed his connection in the Prix Noailles on Sunday, with the result that the French Colt's chances of winning the English Derby look none too good. This clears the path for Sunstar, and in spite of the Guiness winner belonging to a non-staying family, plenty of people are taking it to it about his chances. The odds are really absurd, for though the son of Sundridge ran the Rowley mile in very fast time, it does not follow that he will stay the extra half mile in the Derby. If the race were run slowly, it would naturally add to the chances of Mr. J. B. Joels crack, but the opposition will see to it that the race is a fast one.

Another son of Sundridge in Sunder was served up a warm favourite for the Chester Vase, but he just failed to concede the weight to Maaz, a son of St. Frusquin, though Maher nursed his mount splendidly until close home.

The Chester Cup always attracts a big crowd to the wonderful old town on the Dee, around which some of the most interesting events in English history occurred, and the attendance on Wednesday, was quite up to the average. This year's race served to show what a splendid natural stayer Willonyx is, for though the son of William the Third only had a hurried preparation, he made short work of the opposition.

IN GENERAL.

The big boxing attraction during Derby week will be matches between Chase of England and Storbeck of South Africa, and between Sullivan of England and Papke of America.

Harry Vardon showed splendid form in the Southern Professionals Competition for the Tooting Bec Cup, his score for the first round being 72, a record for the course.

C. F. de Mar, winner of the Boston Marathon race, must be a real flier, as he beat Longboat's course record by 2 mins. 27 secs., his time for the 24 miles being inside 2 hours 22 mins.

ARMED BAND CROSSES SIND BORDER.

Appearance in Karachi District.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 23.

The Collector of Karachi was unexpectedly called away yesterday, says the "Sind Gazette," owing to the appearance in the Karachi district of a band of armed men, some mounted and some on foot, from over the Baluchistan Border. It is suspected that they have marauding intentions, as a similar band bent on plunder appeared in the same way last spring. They may possibly be disappointed gun-runners returning via Sind to Afghanistan, but no definite information is yet available.

RAILWAY COLLISION.

Guard Seriously Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MAY 23.

At Alamnagar, O. R. Railway, early this morning, a light engine ran into the rear of a goods train. The brake-van was completely wrecked and the European guard is said to be seriously injured. The engine was derailed and damaged.

ESCAPE OF A PRISONER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

The discovery of the escape of an under-trial prisoner from the Tollygunge Thana lock-up was made this morning. The prisoner was arrested on charges of robbery and receiving stolen property and was kept in the first floor of lock-up last night. He managed to breakhet down the iron bars of a window and dropped down to the ground by means of a piece of cloth tied to the window. No trace of the prisoner has been obtained.

ZENANA MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

To be Closed at Lucknow.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MAY 23.

A local paper learns that orders have been received from England that the work at Lucknow carried on by the Church of England Zenana Missionary Society is to be terminated forthwith. This means the closing of the Kinnaird Hospital, it is also stated that the work of the Zenana bible and Medical Mission at Lucknow is also likely to be closed.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MAY 23.

Indra Nath Nundy, an acquitted accused in the Alipore Bomb Case appeared before the Deputy Magistrate, Alipore as a complainant in a case in which a servant of his stands charged with having assaulted his masters and criminal breach of trust. The complainant has a dairy farm at Ballygung, of which the accused was in charge. The farm proving unprofitable Nundy, it is alleged, sold off some animals, one of which the accused wanted to buy at a nominal price. This led to a quarrel and the above charges are alleged against the accused. The Magistrate framed charges against the accused and the case was adjourned for the defence.

RINDERPEST IN RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MAY 23.

Rinderpest has broken out amongst the transport bullocks and also among other cattle in the town.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 23.

Sanction has been accorded to the construction of new workshops and staff quarters at Shamatganj on the Lucknow-Bareilly Railway.

Messrs. H. C. Sparke, District Traffic Superintendent, and A Cooper, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, N. W. R., are appointed to officiate as Traffic and Deputy Traffic Superintendent respectively, on that railway from the 11th May, 1911, during the absence of Mr. N. M. Carnell on six months' combined leave, and until further orders.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 23.

Major-General Ker, C.B., Commanding the Allahabad Brigade, has been granted two months and twenty-five days' leave.

THE NEW CHINA.

Progress in Yunnan.

A friend of mine writes the "Times" correspondent at Peking who has just returned to Peking from Yunnan by way of Burma, sends me the following interesting note on the conditions prevailing in that part of Yunnan which adjoins British territory and to it he has added a reference to the Chinese in Burma, with whom he has had recent opportunities of intercourse. He writes with exceptional knowledge having been stationed in Yunnan in an official position for several years.

"Even in far western Yunan the desire for reform and the idea of patriotism are penetrating. The disappearance of opium from the province can only be described as wonderful. Prohibition has caused less distress to the agricultural population than was generally anticipated. From the beginning the cultivators were wise enough to recognize that the officials were in earnest, and, abandoning opium, they turned their attention to the possibilities of less profitable crops—chiefly buckwheat and different varieties of beans—with encouraging results. Everywhere the soldiery are being regularly drilled on more modern methods and, in place of the old style, slovenly dressed ruffian wearing a coat that was once red, and armed with an umbrella and an opium pipe, who formerly acted as escort to the foreign travellers in Yunnan, one now gets an alert, active individual who carries a Mauser rifle of recent pattern, and knows more or less how to use it.

EDUCATION.

"But the change that will tell most for the good of the province is the spread of the educational movement. In the Tali and Yungchang Prefectures many new schools have been opened where teaching is being conducted on new principles. Formerly any dirty little cubicle served as a schoolroom, and a crowd of unkempt youngsters, presided over by an ill-paid, be spectacled pedagogue, produced appalling discord by reciting—at the top of their voices and each in a different key—passages from the Classics. Now one enters a spacious, well lighted room, with orderly rows of desks, where sit the boys poring more or less silently over their tasks. Only five years ago a Yunnanese girl who could read was a rarity, one who could both read and write a phenomenon. Now, in every town, one or more buildings bear outside the legend in Chinese, Elementary School for Girls, and any morning one may meet bevies of little maidens bound thither. Glad in long, dark-blue gowns, and with their hair in neatly plaited queues. None but girls with natural feet are admitted to these school—a sensible rule which the official are determined to maintain. For the foot-binding custom is dying had in Yunnan. There are two simple reasons for this. In the first place one of the women of the hill tribes—who are regarded as savages by the Chinese—bind their feet. Again all families with any pretensions to social rank own one or two slave girls who strict custom—based on convenient—demands should go barefooted.

THE CHINESE COLONY IN BURMA.

"At the time of the Mahomedan rebellion in Yunnan thousands of Chinese poured into Upper Burma. Many of these took to themselves Burmese wives, and settled down in Mandalay, where they have prospered exceedingly, as they do everywhere under fair government. Into Lower Burma, there is a steady influx of Chinese by sea, coming mostly from Amoy or Canton. They are very numerous in Rangoon, where they form the richest and most influential section of the community, and where they are treated with the respect which they have commanded by half a centurys excellent behaviour and good citizenship. Many of them are of mixed Chinese-Burmese parentage, and have never visited China. But in Canton and Amoy, whence their fathers came, are the graves of their ancestors, which is equivalent to saying that they are bound to China by the strongest ties. It is, indeed, surprising to find with what sentiment and affection the Chinese in Burma regard the land of their fathers. One sees them often referred to as loyal (British) subjects; they should be more truthfully regarded as highly desirable and public spirited citizens.

KEEN POLITICAL CRITICS.

"The reform movement in China is being closely followed by the better-informed Chinese of Rangoon. At the time of my visit the doings of the Tzu Cheng Yuan (Senate), in particular, were exciting the keenest interest. Every Imperial Decree and official change or shuffling of posts were the subjects of intelligent criticism. The proposed boycott of British goods, which was then being discussed in the paper in connexion with the Panma frontier incident, left them indifferent. They could not see what all the fuss was about. Some opined that a Boundary Commission would be necessary, and expressed a hope that the Chinese Government would select competent surveyors for the work. They considered that the time is now past when any illiterate old general, without even a rudimentary knowledge of such matters, may be entrusted with the delimitation of the frontier between two great Empires. Another topic of interest was the status of Chinese in the Dutch colonies. The Chinese I met seemed keenly to resent the wrongs of their countrymen in Java and Sumatra, and talked of starting a subscription in aid of a movement towards securing for them fairer treatment from the Dutch authorities.

"Altogether, I was much impressed by what I saw of the Chinese in Burma. One rather curious circumstance dwells in my memory. I noticed that the queue was generally worn, and inquired of some Chinese friends what they thought of the movement that was on foot in China to discard this so-called badge of servitude. The purport of the reply was that unless they adopted some equally distinctive dress it would be unwise for them to discard the queue. Its disappearance might bring in its train certain inconviences, such as the bring confused with some of the other and less law-abiding of the many people who go to make up the population of Rangoon. The fact of being a Chinese in Rangoon, is sufficient to ensure a certain amount of respect from, for example, the native police, so that—irony of circumstances—there in at any rate, one country where the queue is the emblem of liberty and equality."

H. M. S. "INVINCIBLE."

Collapse in Dry Dock Denied.

Inquiries in official circles at Portsmouth elicit the statement that a report of the "Invincible" being badly strained in dock is without foundation. When the vessel was docked in the usual course early in mail week, it was found that some blocks had not been suitably adjusted, and as a matter of precaution it was deemed advisable to undock her while this defect was being remedied. After this the "Invincible" was again taken into dock, and work upon her has since proceeded.

The incident as described by a Portsmouth correspondent was this:—

On the Tuesday, she was being docked at Portsmouth for a complete overhaul. The moment her full weight rested on the wooden blocks which support her the steel frames strengthening the double bottom of the ship buckled and the keel forced its way upwards. The immense weight of the ship bent the frames like a bow, bulging them out on each side of the vessel. The dock was immediately filled with water and the "Invincible" was floated and taken out into the big basin for examination and repair. The cost of fitting her for further service will be considerable, the injuries being of a most serious character. The "Invincible" was laid down in 1906, and completed in 1909, at a cost of £1,768,000, and has never been a success. The defect seems to have been that her framing was too light for her weight. There is no previous instance of a British warship of modern design failing in this manner.

ROSA TRASSJONSKI, who was associated with the Russians arrested in connection with the Houndsditch murders, has become insane. She had loved Gardstein who was fatally shot in the encounter with the police at Houndsditch, and the sorrow caused by his death, as well as her own experiences when under arrest as a suspect, unhinged her mind.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper. sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

SCOTS' MEMORIES.

Historical Relics at Glasgow.

The historical section, which is the central point of interest in the Glasgow Exhibition, is appropriately housed in a building which combines the chief architectural features of the old Royal Palaces of Falkland and Holyrood. The national story is illustrated in a series of selected epochs. The exhibits are the links in a long chain which stretches from the union with England back to the almost impenetrable darkness of the remotest ages; and wandering through the galleries one can read as one goes, upon the walls and in the showcases, all the stirring history of an ancient, a proud, a purposeful, and an eminently warlike nation.

The story begins 5,000 years ago with a grave in which lies the crouching skeleton of a neolithic man. Close by is another grave with the perfect skeleton of a child of six, born 2,000 B.C. Cinerary urns are in abundance, showing that cremation was practised long before the coming of the Romans—indeed there is much evidence of a comparatively high state of civilisation in Scotland in pre-Roman and perhaps pre-Celtic times. A collection of bronze swords, found all over Scotland, and dating 400 or 500 B.C., is magnificent; Rome produced nothing better in design and workmanship. The Duke of Argyll has lent some beautiful Bronze Age ornaments, and there is a wonderful collection of beads, showing that the art of glass making was known in Scotland a thousand years before the Christian Era. The colours in these beads, often worked into a sort of cloisonne design, are superb.

The epoch of the struggle for national freedom, the period in which Wallace and Bruce appear, yields many relics of absorbing interest: Wallace's letter to the burgomasters and burghers of Lubeck and Bremen, dated October, 1297, and lent by the municipality of Lubeck, the deed by which Robert the Bruce bequeathed his heart to Melrose Abbey for burial; the Bruce's sword, a huge two-handed weapon, three inches broad, four feet long, with hilt and handle of eighteen inches; the famous Brooch of Lorn worn by the Bruce at the battle of Dalrigh and snatched from his shoulder by a dying foe. Then there are charters of the very early years of the twelfth century including the one by which David I., in 1128 provided for the endowment of Holyrood Abbey.

COVENANTERS AND JACOBITES.

Records drawn from Sweden, Norway, and France relate the deeds of the Scottish soldiers of fortune who played so great a part in the history of those countries. But the epoch that should interest Glaswegians and West of Scotland men most is that of the struggle for freedom of conscience—the period of the Solemn League and Covenant, of persecution and rebellion, of massacre and outrage and better strife. The collection of Covenanters' portraits and literature is wonderfully complete and admirably arranged, and includes several of the original lists of signatories to the Covenant and many documents never seen by the public before.

The Stewards were not too well liked in the West-country, and Prince Charlie fined the city of Glasgow £5,000 for lukewarmness, if not hostility, to his cause; but perhaps, the relics of the Jacobite period will claim more interested attention from visitors to the exhibition than all the rest besides. The story of the period is exhaustively told bypicture, print, caricature, document, and personal relic. By far the most interesting and important document is a little vellum-bound volume which was the original order-book of Prince Charlie's army, and contains all the instructions given to the troops during the march into England and the retreat back to Stirling. Personal mementoes of the Prince abound—pistols and swords and razors that he used; clothes that he wore, a Highland bonnet an immensely long waistcoat in green silk, embroidered with tiny pink roses; a bit of the woman's dress he was disguised in when Flora Macdonald smuggled him out to Skye and safety; and close by is a relic of Flora herself—a fan, painted in colours more faded than her memory. A dainty, jewelhilted rapier of Prince Charles Edward lies next to the rough, workmanlike buff coat and breastplate of Graham of Claverhouse. There is a quaint stool on which Bonnie Prince Charlie sat, a pair or two of his spurs and a blue garter riband.

The main gallery of historical portraits contains specimens which go back to the very beginning of the art of portraiture. There are quaint presentments of James I., II., and III.; there are portraits by Holbein and of his school; a Van Dyck or two; numerous and magnificent Lelys and Knellers, some superb Raeburns; one or two Reynolds—and all tell some little bit of Scotland's story, and recall the features of some of her most famous sons and most beautiful daughters. There is the peerless Duchess of Gordon by Reynolds, a gem which never before has been allowed to go outside the walls of Gordon Castle—a high-bred lady, very beautiful, in white and gold, with a wealth of dark hair coiled on a shapely head. There is the Duchess of Hamilton, who entertained Dr. Johnson and Boswell, a picture that was never finished, because the duke was afraid the artist might spoil its beaut.

MARY, QUEEN OF SCOTS.

Mary Queen of Scots figures, of course, largely in this gallery. To one of her pictures is attached a most romantic story; it was painted after her death, became the property of the College of Douai, and was saved from the wreck of the French Revolution by being cut out of its frame and stuffed in.o a chimney. There is a very charming portrait of Mary of Guise, discovered in the Laigh Council House; a Charles II., by Lely; a Fletcher of Saltoun, Chancellor of Scotland—one of Kneller's finest works—several of the great Montrose, and one, at least of his foe Argyll. Then there are two of Scotland's heroines—Lady Ogilvie, who defended Airlie Castle; and the wife of Mackintosh of Mackintosh, who, her husband fal.ering, led the Clan Mackintosh in the field in the army of Prince Charlie.

The records of the Scottish regiments of the British Army have a place of honour in a gallery which contains a splendid collection of weapons, from the huge two-handed sword of Macpherson, the Freebooter, to the scythes on poles used by Prince Charlie's levies at Ecclefechan, the slender silver-mounted blade of Andria Ferrara, the vicious Highland dirks and the brass-studded Highland targes.

Space will not permit of the enumeration of a hundredth part of the fascinating exhibits of this section, but we must mention the original manuscripts of Burns and Scott and Carlyle; and the collections which illustrate the development of national games, of agriculture, of the culinary art, and of various crafts. The collection of curling stones is unique, going back to the handleless kirling stones or loofies of the sixteenth century. The modern stone is seen to have been evolved from lumps of glacially-worn rock, weighing as much as 129lb. The earlier ones had recesses chipped in them for the thumb and fingers. The Hon. Company of Edinburgh Golfers has lent a splendid collection of articles connected with the national game. There are wonderful seventeenth century settles and chairs, fascinating appliances of torture, agricultural instruments, and kitchen utensils of quaint design; curious drinking horns which had to be emptied at a draught, because they could not be set down, and which had a whistle in the small end to summon the change housekeeper. But it would take weeks to see this historical section as it ought to be seen, and more weeks and many pages to write about it as it deserves.

NEW JOAN OF ARC.

A Remarkable Scene.

A correspondent cabling from Cettinje under date May 1, refers to the Albanian Insurrection as follows:—This is an extraordinary insurrection. It is like a vision of Homeric times enacted in a grand mountainous country. So far it has been a guerrilla war on both sides, bands of the insurgent Albanians appearing here and there to prevent Turkish bands seizing the strategical points at the top of the mountains.

The Turkish commander Shefket Turgut, has been awaiting the arrival of reinforcements. He has now fourteen battalions in and around Scodra, with a few mountain batteries This he considers more than enough to crush the insurrection of Malissoria, if Freuk Bib Dodda should not succeed by this great authority to decide the insurgents to come to honourable terms with the Turkish Government.

WON BY A WOMAN.

The battle at Vranye last week, was won for the Albanians by a woman. A battalion of Turkish regular soldiers was sorely pressing several Albanian bands who were repeatedly, but uselessly, delivering a front attack against the advancing Turks.

A young woman was commanding a few "brotherhoods" of the clan Martinay. Seeing the danger of her people, she moved quickly her small band, and vigorously attacked the Turkish battalion on its left flank, forcing it thereby to retire from the already won position. The girl, Yanitza Martinay, is now already sung in the songs of the Montenegrin bards in the inns and coffee-houses of Podgoritsa. She is young, tall, and handsome, and of an indomitable courage. She lost her fiance in the Albanian attack on the fort of Shipchanik, and when lately her father, the hereditary commander of certain brotherhoods of their clan, fell in battle, she immediately stepped into his place and led the Martinais to the encounters with the Turks. The insurrection is spread so close along the Montenegrin border that lately a bloody encounter was actually fought on the Montenegrin territory. Of course, the Montenegrins eagerly helped the Albanians to drive away the Turks.

Some interesting corroboration of the story sent from Cettinje of Yanitza Martinay, the new Joan of Arc, has been obtained by a Press representative from M. Chedomille Mijatovich, formerly Servian Minister in London, who is in close touch with the Balkans and all that is going on there.

Her name, he pointed out, corresponds with the French Joan, so that she is in name, as well as in brave deeds, most truly a modern Maid of Orleans. When her father fell in battle, the hereditary position of commander of the brotherhoods of their clan fell upon her brother. But he, being only a boy, was too young to lead; and Yanitza, gathering the clan about her, declared to them, "I will lead you for him." Always she marched fifteen or twenty yards ahead of her little army, encouraging them and assuring them of victory. Her countrymen and the Montenegrins watched the battle from afar, and it was when they saw her prowess and the remarkable attack she delivered upon the Turks that the sympathetic bards weaved the story of her deeds into their daily song.

"She is a young woman, not yet twenty-two," said M. Mijatovich, "and is described as tall, handsome and well developed."

WOMEN IN THE FIRING LINE.

"All the Albanian women are brave, and are trained, from their girlhood to the use of firearms, and in times of war, as there are no mules, they carry the provisions and ammunition for their soldiers and go into the firing-line to distribute them.

"And are sometimes killed?"

"Yes; often that happens."

Yanitza would probably have carried a Martini rifle; for, as many of the Martinis were collected last year by the Turks, her weapon may perhaps have been one of the old-fashioned Albanian rifles which are handsomely decorated with silver and have very long, narrow barrels.

"Shooting is almost the only amusement of the young men and women in Albania," M. Mijatovich went on to say. "Both boys and girls learn to shoot when they are twelve years old. At weddings the parties amuse themselves by dancing and shooting; at christenings shooting is again the principal amusement—firing at targets for some little prize—and at festivals there is shooting all day long. It is one of the great difficulties that Turks have to contend with, for it is part of the national life; the people use their rifles by day and sleep with them at their side by night, the custom has grown up with the prevailing insecurity—insecurity from vendettas at home and border troubles abroad."

FINEST RACE IN EUROPE.

"Physically," M. Mijatovich added "the Albanians are the finest race in Europe. Their women are handsome, with dark hair, though their eyes are sometimes grey. To see them walk is a delight. We like to see the ballet at home. The first time I saw the Albanians walk gave me just the same pleasure. Their movements are so graceful, elegance and strength together."

"Yes, they are a very fine and a very gifted race. They are likely the Scots in the seventeenth century and they will be by and by the finest race intellectually as well as physically in the Balkans. If you go to Constantinople you will find that many of the finest men, not only soldiers but also statesmen, are Albanians.

"Their fault, due to their present degree of civilisation, is that they cannot grasp the idea of State. The clan is their highest organization; they are unable to grasp the importance of combining the clan with the higher organization of making a State. But that will come."

AERODROME ON DEESIDE.

Private Recreation for Wealthy Men.

Arrangements are being made for the laying out of the first private aerodrome in the North of Scotland—in Upper Deeside; within half a dozen miles of the King's Scottish residence at Balmoral Castle—for Mr. Keiller, of Morven, who takes a very keen interest in aviation. Mr. Keiller is leasing from Mr. Farquharson, of Invercauld, a portion of the Deeside farm of Dalbagie—a Gaelic name which signifies "the drowned haugh," or flat portion of ground over which the River Dee formerly flowed. As indicated by its name, this piece of ground, extending for about half a mile in length by 400 to 500 yards in breadth, skirted by the River Dee on the west and south, and by the Ballater, Balmoral, and Braemar highway on the north, is admirably adapted for its purpose on account of its uniform flatness, and the absence of anything that might otherwise prove a hindrance.

It is proposed to erect a spacious hangar close to a bend of the Dee at the south-western portion of the ground. Mr. Keiller, of Morven, who came of age last December, is keenly interested in many forms of recreation, especially motoring, shooting, and the various winter sports popular in Switzerland—tobogganning, skating, skiing, and sleighing. He is at present on the Continent with his uncle, Mr. Keiller Greig, who, for three years, held the amateur figure-skating championship of Great Britain, and who is taking a practical part in the inauguration of his nephew's aerodrome on Deeside. It is hoped to have everything in order for aeroplane flights in the autumn.

EJECTED FROM A CATHEDRAL.

Bishop and Brawler.

A remarkable disturbance during service at Manchester Cathedral, on Sunday evening, in mail week ended in a man being forcibly ejected by the churchwardens for brawling, and subsequently taken into custody by the police. The service proceeded in the usual order, and at the conclusion of the third hymn the preacher, Bishop Welldon, Dean of Manchester, ascended to the pulpit. He had just begun his sermon when a man of middle-age, who occupied a seat near the Derby chapel, close to the pulpit, stood up.

"Stop! stop!" he cried in a loud voice. "Behold I see before me a god of mammon, the persecutor of little children."

The congregation, which numbered more than 2,000 people, rose in a body. The interrupter continued to speak incoherently, the Dean meanwhile waving his hand in appeal to the congregation to be seated. The wardens at once went to the man, making an appeal to him to desist and to leave the cathedral, but he waved his hands wildly and continued shouting. When the wardens approached and land hands on him he began to struggle, and there was a scuffle which lasted a few minutes. Ultimately the wardens, with the assistance of several worshippers, succeeded in getting the man from amongst the chairs into the aisle, and he was hurried to the north door. During the struggle a lady in the congregation fainted, and had to be carried out of the cathedral, thus adding to the general confusion.

Outside the man continued his disturbance, and was finally taken in custody by the police. At the Albert-street Police Station, the man gave an address in Stockton-street, Moss Side, Manchester. He behaved in an eccentric fashion, and refused to give any reasons for his conduct.

At some ironworks at Seraing, Belgium, four miles from Liege, on May 5, and aerial railway, used for transporting slag, collapsed, with the result that five workmen were killed.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

NIGHT OPERATIONS.

Red Indian Training for Soldiers.

Owing to the vital importance of night operations in future wars the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, Sir William Nicholson, has issued instructions that soldiers are next year to be specially trained in "night cunning"—that is, the adaptation of each individual to the environment in which he would find himself during such operations.

It has been decided, says the official notification, that elementary training in movements by night and in the use of the ears and eyes at night should form part of the course of instruction of infantry recruits at depots and with units, as well as of trained soldiers. The attached extract from the new edition of infantry training, which it is proposed to issue at the end of the present training season, ready for 1912, is, therefore, promulgated officially as a guide to officers charged with such training. This training will be begun during recruit training and be carried out progressively; it should culminate during the latter stages of company training and during battalion training in practice in the various methods of conducting night operations described in the Field Service Regulations, Part I. The elementary work can be practised advantageously during winter afternoons and evenings. The more advanced exercises should be carried out late at night or in the early morning. The elementary training should consist in explanations, followed by practical work. The following may be taken as a general guide as to the methods to be adopted in carrying out the elementary instruction:—

PUTTING ON EQUIPMENT.

A regular order of putting on equipment should be determined, the men being practised by day and night and tested by night alarm. The object is to train the men to a systematic method of procedure, which will enable them to put on their equipment silently and rapidly in the dark.

VISUAL TRAINING.

One man of a section should march away and be stopped by voice or pre-arranged signal as soon as he is out of sight. He should call out the number of paces he has taken. The same man should then advance towards the section from some distance further off, and be stopped as soon as he becomes visible, later counting his paces to the section.

It should be explained that:—

(a) Ability to see in the dark increases with practice.

(b) Objects are more visible when the moon is behind the observer than when it is in front of him.

(c) An observer may stand up when he has a definite background and should lie down when he has not.

When the men have been practised in observing a man approaching at a walk they should be similarly practised in observing a man who is endeavouring to approach unseen.

TRAINING IN HEARING.

Instruction will be carried out on similar lines to visual training. At first the advance of a single man should be listened, for, gradually the number should be increased so that facility may be acquired in judging the strength of a party approaching. It is easier to hear sounds on soft ground when standing, on hard ground when lying flat. For silent advances the men are to be taught to touch the ground with the toe first when moving through short grass and to raise the foot fairly high to stop the "swish" of the boot. In long grass the heel should touch the ground first.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

GLOWING COLOUR IN CHIFFONS.

Glowing colour, writes a lady correspondent from Home, is the keynote of this season's chiffons, and flowers are everywhere. There are roses in exquisite shades, giant sweet peas, tulips, exotic, looking blooms for which one can find no name, and berries and fruit of bright-coloured silk all waiting to make gay our spring hats. Coronation red and bleu de roi are carrying all before them, both separately and together. An ideal frock for spring wear would be a slip of rose-red silk, a simple overdress cut with the still fashionable Magyar line, composed of the bleu de roi mousseline-de-soie. Should a bold touch of colour be desired, the hem of the overdress and the cuffs of the bell sleeves could be rolled back to reveal the rose. These two colours used with discretion, it is good to relate, suit the fair girl quite as well as her dark-haired sister.

ETCETERAS OF THE TOILETTE.

But the novelties of the season are mostly in the direction of the, so to speak etceteras of the toilette. There are fascinating bead arrangements in barbaric and Oriental colourings to finish off the little Magyar blouse; dainty sets of collar and cuffs of Russian and Swedish embroidery; jabots and rabats of the finest lawn, finished with English hand-made lace, and many of them, such is our present passion for colour, are inset with bright embroidery. Pretty neck fitments are the natural corollary of the no-collar corsage which promises to flourish exceedingly this season. The daintiest of ruffies are to be had in delicately fine lace smart looking black ostrich feather ties drooping of aspect no feathers are cured this season crown light coloured toilettes in a most distinctive manner marabout in pale shades with tiny flat posies half concealed by the fronds of feathers, and exquisite lace scarves made, if possible, more interesting by a lining of pale-coloured niaon. These dainty trifles remind one that one needs for an effective ensemble an entout-cas for morning suits and a parasol to accompany dainty afternoon gowns. The former are still furnished with the long plain stick that was noticeable last season, and the cover is quite plain, except near the ferrule, where, O excellent notion, a small ruche is placed, which serves the double purpose of ornamenting the en-tout-cas and preventing it from assuming the "rubbed" look that will manifest itself so soon.

VARIETY IN PARASOLS.

As for parasols, their name is legion, and they are composed of every fabric available. Hand-painted ninon is delightful to gaze upon lined with the new dullfinished charmeuse, in, say, anemone pink, while beautiful old lace is appliqued on to silk and chiffon in the most reckless manner—from the point of view of expense. The "sticks" of these pretty things are provided with tops of crystal, lapis-lazuli, jade, and sometimes a polished quartz of a pretty golden-brown colour—in fact, anything my ladye pleases. The ornamental hatpin has established itself firmly in our affections and appears to good advantage on the hats that are adorned with just one big feather, and which share pride of place with the flower and fruit decked creations. Some effective ones can be secured with butterflies and dragon-flies, in natural colours, posed on them while the miniature parquet also has its admirers. The acquisition of a good set of hatpins is to be recommended. For instance, cameos can be bought most reasonable and three mounted on steel pins would look excellently well, and add distinction to even the simplest hat, an effect which would be enhanced by a cameo brooch and ring. As there are so many festivities ahead to provide for, the couturieres are proving their resources by giving us the daintiest of "decorations" for the coiffure. There is a wreath made of tiny silk hand-made flowers with delicate green leaves in fine straw, which, in addition to being positively the "last cry," promises to keep in better condition than that composed of French flowers. This is worn in conjunction with a silver or gold gauze Juliet cap. Then lace caps, resembling those worn in the Stuart period with rosettes of ribbon or tiny posies of pink, red, or gold gauze roses can accompany a picturesque "tabbed" gown and the coiffure with little side bunches of curls.

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THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MAY 23.

The rainfall has extended into Bihar, continued Eastern Bengal and has become lighter in Assam. A few falls are reported from Burma, Kashmir and the south of the Peninsula. Mergui reports one and a half inches of rain, Tavoy and Monywa, one; Mandalay, two; Narayangang, Mymensingh and Bogra, one; Dinajpur, four; Mysore, Ootacamund and Madura, one and a half inches. The forecast shows an increase of rainfall in Malabar and Bengal, with a possible extension into the East of the United Provinces. Dry weather will prevail in Kashmir, and there will be no change elsewhere.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 23RD MAY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 23rd May, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual in the east Punjab. Day temperature is in excess in the north and east Punjab; night temperature is also above normal at Rawalpindi and Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal. Temperature is in slight excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are generally clear. The moisture in the air is in excess in upper Sind and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Temperature has fallen but is still in slight excess during the day in north Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded on the Kathiawar Coast and clear elsewhere. Humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual. Day temperature is above normal; night temperature is also in excess at Hoshangabad and Raipur.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual in the northern half of the division. Day temperature is above normal at most stations; night temperature is in slight excess at Aurangabad and Ahmednagar.

General Remarks.—Local showers, due generally to thunderstorms, have occurred in Mysore, Malabar and the adjacent districts to the east. Colombo reports 1·10 of rain and overcast skies but seas are smooth there. Conditions, however, continue slightly unsettled in the south-east Arabian Sea.

Local thunderstorms are likely in Malabar, Mysore, the Madras Deccan and south Hyderabad.

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st Nov. to date.
Bushire	86·1	73·1	...	18·60
Jask	91·3	70·3	...	6·58
Muskat (22nd)	101·3	87·1	...	3·19
Multan	105·8	81·5	...	4·45
Rawalpindi	103·9	75·9	...	23·44
Lahore	110·9	76·2	...	7·86
Sirsa	113·3	80·0	...	3·10
Ambala	110·5	78·9	...	9·62
Delhi	111·0	85·5	...	3·46
Agra	115·5	84·5	...	1·51
Mainpuri	113·3	86·5	...	3·41
Jhansi	115·0	87·5	...	2·14
Cawnpore	109·8	80·4	...	1·64
Allahabad	110·1	85·5	...	1·79
Jacobabad	111·1	83·8	...	1·21
Karachi	89·5	80·0	...	1·78
Ajmer	105·4	86·2	...	0·66
Jaipur	112·7	77·1	...	R
Kotah	112·0	87·1	...	0·82
Bhuj	101·1	75·6	...	1·49
Dwarka	89·3	80·2	...	2·47
Veraval	86·1	77·3	...	0·95
Rajkot	105·6	76·0	...	1·44
Bhavnagar Para	107·2	79·5	...	1·03
Surat	95·6	78·6	...	0·48
Ahmedabad	108·6	78·7	...	0·54
Deesa	108·8	75·4	...	1·43
Neemuch	107·5	75·2	...	0·27
Indore	106·1	79·1	...	0·97
Jubbulpore	112·3	82·8	...	2·07
Saugor	111·6	82·1	...	2·50
Hoshangabad	111·1	86·4	...	0·96
Khandwa	110·2	84·6	...	4·79
Akola	112·2	83·1	...	2·61
Amraoti	110·3	80·3	0·03	5·62
Nagpur	111·1	84·3	...	5·14
Chanda	113·5	8·0	...	3·58
Ballpur	112·2	89·6	...	4·88
Bombay	92·0	81·4	...	0·20
Ratnagiri	90·8	80·9	...	1·53
Marmugoa	92·5	81·7	...

BY THE WAY.

A DUCHESS OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

With Eleanor, Duchess of Northumberland, whose death is announced, must have passed a great deal of curious lore of what was virtually the aristocratic world of the eighteenth century. Her husband, the sailor Duke Algernon, was born in 1792, and in some ways perpetuated the Boyar tradition of the Duke of Chandos. He rebuilt the great Prudhoe tower at Alnwick, and wishing to have it finished before his birthday on December 15, he kept workmen at it through a week of snow-storm. They used hot mortar, and were kept alive by jorums of hot ale and ginger. He redecorated Alnwick on a scale of tasteless magnificence turning the interior of that Norman and Gothic pile into a rococo Italian palace. His brother, the third Duke, told Sir Walter Scott when he visited Alnwick that his people in Kielder were all quite wild when his father first went up to shoot there. The woman had no other dress than a bedgown and a petticoat. The men were very savage, and could hardly be brought to rise from the health, either from sullenness or fear. They sang a wild tune, the burden of which was "Orsena, Orsena, Orsena." The women sang, the men danced round, and at a certain of the tune they drew their dirks, which they always wore. The Duchess Eleanor was a daughter of the second Marquis of Westminster, who was born in 1795.

BUSINESS WITH SOUTH AFRICA.

There is no doubt that the Union of South Africa has stimulated business in the sub-continent, and increased trade with this country and the continent—Germany and Holland in particular. There is almost a daily service of steamers, furnished by the much-abused Conference Lines, to the South African ports, and rates are favourable compared with other parts of the world. Merchants' orders from the other side are large, and the Government of the Union is one of the largest shippers. Many of its large orders are put out to open tender, such as sleepers, timber, oil, and clothing, while extensive indents for locomotives, railway carriages, coal and produce trucks, and permanent-way material are now being ordered through the High Commissioner in England. Over twenty engines of a heavy type are on order from the North British Locomotive Works in Glasgow, and New York has received an order for five Mallet engines, a powerful locomotive suited for hauling heavy loads up the steep gradients of line in the Cape and Natal Colonies.

HOME SUMMER MIGRANTS.

Notwithstanding the intense cold of the first half of April, and the violent blasts of the succeeding week, writes a Home correspondent, the miracle of the spring flights has been successfully accomplished, and the migrants have reached our shores but little after their accustomed dates. True, they were mostly silent on arrival, and it needed the more genial weather of the past ten days to reveal their presence in our woodlands. Cuckoos that till then had not found voice could immediately be heard calling all day long; while chiffchaff and willow-wren, nightingale and blackcap were all singing more or less. The nightingale came to us about April 21, fully a week late; and even now it is not in full song. Swallow and Martin were more punctual this year than the warbler tribe, and are here already in considerable numbers. The swift has not yet made its appearance; and the white-throat and the flycatcher are still needed to make the tale of our summer visitors complete.

CATHEDRAL CITIES AND THE TURF.

Chester, where it was "Cup Day" on Wednesday, in mail week, is one of several cathedral cities that possess historic connexion with the Turf. At the beginning of the last century we find horse-racing vigorously carried on in nearly all the English cathedral cities, probably because they were also for the most part county towns. Many of these rather unclerical meetings have now disappeared, having been killed by the rule enacting that every race must be of the clear value of £100, and by the advent of the gate-money enclosure which came into existence about the same time. Being generally held on common land, they were unable to levy a charge, and they could not guarantee half a dozen races of £100 apiece. The survivors have been compelled to adopt modern ideas, and to collect gate-money where possible.

ROBBING THE NEW FOREST.

Mrs. Flora Stevenson has something to say in the "Selborne Magazine" concerning the robbing of the New Forest of its flowers. "The streets of Bournemouth," she says, "from earliest spring to late autumn, are lined with vendors of New Forest treasures. Ours was a beautiful bit of English country, rich with daffodils and primroses in the early spring; but, in spite of their luxuriant abundance, one could scarcely get a bloom for the stealthy and wholesale robbery by night of those men who take them by the hundred before the buds even open. Nor are they satisfied with taking the flowers only. They tear them up." Mrs. Stevenson mentions that the Osmunda fern has ceased to exist in the Forest, though it was once common there, and that the gladiolus has also been exterminated. Is there no means of checking this sort of thing in a national possession like the New Forest?

R. L. STEVENSON'S GOLF BALL.

We have already quoted from Miss Flora Masson's article in the "Cornhill" on the Homes of R. L. Stevenson. Swanston Cottage contains one pathetic little relic to which special attention is called. Not long ago, Miss Masson tells, Lord Guthrie's gardener digging a bit of ground in the meadow in front of the cottage, struck his spade on something he thought to be a stone; but on examination it proved to be a little old golf-ball, caked in earth, and when the ball was washed the initials "R. L. S." were discovered cut deeply in its surface. It stands proudly now on a little pedestal of its own in Louis Stevenson's room. In what mood was he, when he played that little ball, lost it in the grass of the meadow, and looked for it and could not find it again?

THE COMING OF THE NAVY.

The pretty little town of Inverkeithing, on the Firth of Forth, is the home of a new and very robust population. With the commencement of the great contract to build a naval dockyard at Rosyth, says a writer in the "Millgate Monthly," came the navies. From everywhere they arrived. Some in comparative travelling comfort, asking no man anything for which they could not pay; others very much on the stony path. About 2,000 men of all trades now find employment at the Naval Base, and navies are very much in evidence. By the end of this year an additional couple of thousand hands will be on the pay-sheets. Inverkeithing is only a mile from the eastern gateway on Admiralty ground. It has a delightful situation on the bay of that name, which does not much interest the navy; but the old burgh town contains divers substantial hotels and bars and useful shops.

A MARVELLOUS CHANGE.

Of late a marvellous change has come over the ancient streets and wynds. Property, the same writer tells one, has increased in value to a wonderful extent. Housing room had to be found for hundreds of families, and lodgings for hundreds of men. Builders, joiners, plumbers, and plasterers are active and jocund. Tumbledown little cottages, for years untenanted, perhaps roofless, have emerged from the renovator's hands, spruce, with an air of well being, rooms added, and attics thrown out. Blocks of new tenement dwellings have been raised. And so have rents. Where formerly the summer lodger in search of a quiet and inexpensive holiday was warmly welcomed nowadays the landlord sits consciously important, while anxious tenants agree to his terms.

THE FESTIVAL OF THE BEES.

Morocco is a country of strange customs, and one of the strangest is the festival of the bees, which takes place at the end of April. At that date the monks of the monastery of the Mehidji in Fez, leave their convent for the great plains of the South, in which the people assemble. There the festival of the bees is held, and it begins with a mysterious conflict between two monks clad in yellow or black shirts that reach to the knee. The monks have their heads well protected, but only two slits for the eyes, and they proceed to butt one another with their heads until one is felled to the ground. While this fight is proceeding another figure treads into the arena clad in rags, with a red fez on his head. He proceeds to play on a flute with bagpipes attached, and performs a dance. The music or the dance is supposed to cause a swarm of bees to collect, which little by little cover his whole body. Filling his hands with the bees, he throws them on the ground, and after a time they gather into a fresh swarm and depart. No one is supposed to know where the bees come from, but it is suspected that the monk attracts them not so much by his music as by the fact that he has them concealed on his person. The rest of the day is spent in feasting and merriment. As Fez was in a state of siege at the end of last month, the festival of the bees must have been postponed.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

WALTER PATER'S WORKS.

Mr. Paul Elmer More in the New York "Nation" discusses Walter Pater on the strength of "Plato and Platonism," "Marius the Epicurean," and "The Renaissance," and it is natural that a critic who always judges an author according to his body of thought should select just those three volumes. There is, however, another and perhaps a better method of judging Pater, and those who regard him simply as a supreme literary artist will resent the exclusion from the canon of his works of "Imaginary Portraits." It is one of the most Pateresque of the books, not only because the imaginary portrait was a genre invented by Pater himself, but also because in that particular type of work he produced some of the finest effects of his wonderful style. "Which is the best of your books?" someone once asked him. "'Imaginary Portraits'" he answered "for it is the most natural." There is none of Pater's imaginary portraits, whether of those contained in the volume so entitled or in the "Miscellaneous Studies," which has not some claim to be described as a masterpiece, but of course there may be preferences. Few perhaps would agree with Oscar Wilde that "Duke Carl of Rosenmold" was the finest, and show of hands might reveal a majority in favour of Mr. Arthur Symons, who says: "The most wonderful seems to me the poem, for it is really a poem, named 'Denys l'Auxerrois.'" One may confess to a partiality for "Sebastian van Storck." It does not have the splendours of "Denys l'Auxerrois"; it has no such description as that of the Yonne as "a child's fancy of a river like the rivers of the old miniature-painters, blue, and full to a plain green margin" nor such a find, fit to bring a collector's heart into his throat, at the flask in the ashes of the old coffin, "a flask of lively green glass, like a great emerald; it might have been the wondrous vessel of the Grail"; nor is there any such curious touch of Pateresque horror as the exhumation of the Saint in the great church. Nevertheless, in its own line and as the study of the reaction upon each other of a gloomy and even morbid temperament and a particular system of philosophy, it is masterly. The temperament is brought out gradually by a progressive series of touches. Sebastian preferred the winter landscape, because of the impression it gave him of "perfect repose"; in a monument he valued a "cold abstract simplicity"; in scenery he had a passion for distances and great space and stretches of desolate country, and the only form in which he could tolerate art was in pictures which furnished "visionary escapes, north, south, east, west, into a wide-open though, it must be confessed, a somewhat sullen land." The gloom underlying these preferences comes out in the interpretation he puts upon the antique vehicle left by the tide, as the "one surviving relic of a grand burial, in the ancient manner, of a king or hero whose very tomb was wasted away," and the "odd fancy" it suggested "that he himself would like to have been dead and gone as long ago, with a kind of envy of those whose deceasing was so long since over."

"SEBASTIAN VAN STORCK."

The unhealthy passivity of nature which all this implies is quite consistent with a vigorous mentality and Sebastian, who is a powerful dialectician works out a philosophy resembling Spinozism; not Spinozism in respect of its finding an explanation of the universe in the formula of substance, attributes, and modes but in respect of that element which it has in common with all the pantheistic systems since Parmenides—the conception of the Absolute as the one real existence and of phenomena as having no being nor right to be. The temperament and the philosophy co-operate, and the issue is a desire and determination to "hasten hence." The fact that Sebastian dies not by his own hand but in the rescue of a child from death is one of the master touches of the essay as an instance of racial human instinct asserting itself against a sombre heart and a pessimistic theory. It is easy to misunderstand the purport of all this, and Mr. Benson misunderstands it when he says that the portrait was to "depict in neutral tints the natural course of the quest of pure reason." But the quest of pure reason does not necessarily lead to suicide. It does so only in the case of such as are of Sebastian's temperament, and Pater himself is most careful to point out that a more happy nature would have concluded for optimism from the same premises from which Sebastian concludes for pessimism. The protrait, therefore, is an exquisitely finished work of art. Yet, after all, why say it is better than "Denys l'Auxerrois." Both gain by being compared with each other, and what it behoves us most to remember is how able a pen it was which described two such diverse characters.

CANADIAN COPYRIGHT BILL.

There is much that is puzzling in the forecast of the Canadian Copyright Bill, but it is to read it too much in the light of Mr. Longman's recent letter to the "Times" to find in it a manufacturing clause as against Great Britain. The section that declares that in order to secure copyright a book must be "made" in Canada refers only to native writers, and it is not unreasonable that a Canadian who wishes protection in his own land should have his book set up within the Dominion. Here are the two sections which bear upon Great Britain:—"Where any part of His Majesty's dominions other than Canada has made or undertaken to make provisions for the protection of persons entitled to copyright under the provisions of this Act, copyright obtained under the law of such part of His Majesty's dominions by authors who are bona-fide residents therein or who are British subjects resident elsewhere than Canada may be given protection in Canada, by Order in Council." "Where the owner of the copyright in a book first published in any part of His Majesty's dominions other than Canada grants to a Canadian publisher a licence to reproduce in Canada an edition for circulation in Canada only, the Minister for Agriculture may make an Order prohibiting importation into Canada, except with the written consent of the licensee, of any copy of such book printed elsewhere." This is plain enough; but the suggestion is that two things which are united in the British conception of copyright are to be distinguished in the proposed bill. With us copyright means security not only against piracy, but against imported editions published elsewhere. In Canada at present a distinction is made in this matter. Thus although a book that is copyright in Great Britain is "ipso facto" copyright in Canada as against piracy, it is not so against importation, so that American and British editions of the same work are to be found on the booksellers' counters. Only the local copyright secures against importation. It would seem that it is to be secured in future only by the book being set up in Canada. Even, however, if that is the case, the fact that there have been so very few applications for protection against imported books would indicate that there is no great hardship involved.

KNOX'S HISTORY OF CEYLON.

It is an interesting intimation that Messrs. MacLehose are to bring out a new edition, of Knox's "History of Ceylon." A certain writer, no longer a boy, remembers changing upon an old copy of the edition of 1817, which was called out to satisfy the public curiosity awakened by Ceylon's coming under British sovereignty and having the time of his life with the plates and the history of Knox's captivity. Of the plates some were idyllic, and showed men in thigh-cloths and top-knots guiding oxen, others sanguinolent like that of the elephant executing a malefactor and at one and the same time tearing off his limbs with its trunk and trambling him with its feet. The escape by night along the bed of the river was stirring too. "Read the book itself," said the editor who commended it to original public of 1681, "and you will find yourself taken captive indeed, but used more kindly by the author than he himself was by the natives."

MILTON'S APPEAL TO THE ILLUSTRATOR.

Milton's appeal to the illustrator seems increase as time proceeds, but for long it produced but slight response. One of the earliest illustrated editions of his poetry was in 1688, the fourth edition, "adorn'd with sculptures." Such works have but scant interest to a modern artist, the engravings being very stiff and artificial. In the nineteenth century, however, better work appeared, and in the long list of artists who successfully interpreted Milton's poems are the names of Stothard, Vestall, Turner, Blake, Birket, Foster, Landseer. In modern times Ford Madox Brown, Mr. Strang, Mr. Anning Bell, and Mr. W. Hyde have done noteworthy work. An article on the subject appears in the "Art Journal," and the illustrations include an original etching by Mr. W. Monk, of Chalfont St. Giles, the pretty village in Buckinghamshire, where Milton sought refuge from the Plague in 1665, and a view of the Church of St. Giles, Cripplegate, where the poet was buried in 1674.

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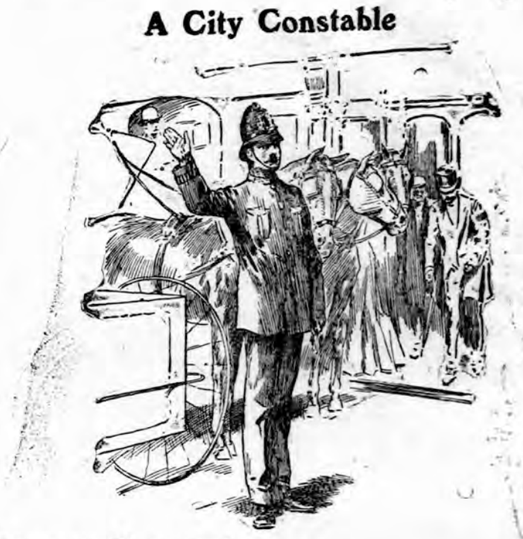

Nervous Depression, Lassitude, Rheumatism

From all lands, deputations come to study the method which has made the London Constable superior to all others. "The method by which I make myself equal to my work," says Constable Lawrence, "consists of taking Phosferine at intervals, as in this way I keep myself alert mentally and physically." Since taking Phosferine, Constable Lawrence can remain on "point" duty in all weathers, controlling the amazing volume of City traffic, without experiencing the terrible nerve strain and weariness which formerly distressed him. Even amongst men who excel, Constable Lawrence is known as an exceedingly capable officer, equal to any emergency, and he declares that Phosferine alone enables him to maintain himself in this fine condition.

Quite removed.

Constable Lawrence, 398, High Road, Tottenham, writes:—"Possibly there is not an occupation more nerve trying than that of a "point-duty" policeman, especially when the roads are slippery and the drivers have a difficulty in holding up their horses. Add to this, the skidding of motor omnibus and the dodging of taxi-cabs, &c., it will be seen that my duty is not a pleasant one. I am sure that no one would care to change places with us for more than a few minutes, for it would at once be felt that the dangers are too numerous to cope with. Policemen look big, strong men, but are just as likely to get run down in health as other men, and this is what happened to me sometime ago, when I suffered from headaches, nerve-depression, lassitude and rheumatic pains. After trying many remedies, I was recommended Phosferine, and can say that it is a wonderful renewer of health, and seems to put fresh life into one from the first dose. I am now quite myself again, and very thankful that Phosferine was brought to my notice."—March 5, 1910.

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THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS
A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Nervous Debility	Neuralgia	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Maternity Weakness	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Premature Decay	Faintness	Headache
Sleeplessness	Mental Exhaustion	Brain-Fag	Hysteria

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

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Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the Royal Family	The Imperial Family of China
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And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the World.
Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/9 and 4/6 Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
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What users say about LEMCO:
"Without doubt LEMCO has contributed to make my little son strong."
"I think your LEMCO is grand stuff. I had four months enteric out here, and was almost kept alive during part of that time with LEMCO."—Natal.
LEMCO is pure highly concentrated beef.
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"LEMCO is even more valuable (not to say indispensable) in Tropical Countries than in England. I have found LEMCO the most excellent remedy for sea-sickness, and the exhaustion consequent on sea-sickness."—W. Indies.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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Blocks for Chain, Hemp and Wires
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VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.
Agents for India—TREACHER AND CO., LTD., BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, AND POONA.
This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.
VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.
Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck. It improves the general health and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.
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'Vana' Tonic Wine is a pure, wholesome, yet powerful vitalising tonic.

It enriches the blood, increases and maintains the strength and vitality, thus fortifying the system against malaria.

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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.

The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.

The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne *is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind: creates a calm refreshing sleep: allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail: leaves no bad effects: and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.*

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The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

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HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

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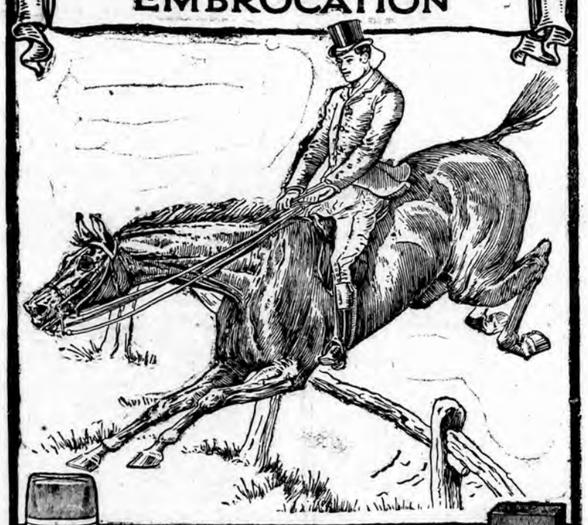

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A FACT WORTH NOTING.

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INVALID'S PORT,

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Preserves, Beautifies, Restores, and **strengthens**, the hair and prevents it falling off or turning grey. Especially suited for **ladies'** and **children's hair**. It closely resembles the **natural oil** in the hair which Nature provides for its preservation; the want of it causes baldness. **Golden colour** for fair hair. Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d. (equal to 4 small), and 21s. Of stores, chemists, hairdressers, and Rowland's, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

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SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases: They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia, Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

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FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, ilion, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism Gout, and Paralysees, acute of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORHŒA, STERILITY, and monthly disorders and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid and Mellbes—and complaints skin thereto, both acute and caronic, are thoroughly cured by harmless Vegetable Pills.

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ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effectual smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows:—

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For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs 5-8.

For Rheumatism, Goutand Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

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In addition to the abovementioned medicines there are several other superior medicines of different prices for complaints mentioned above and also for several other complaints, the prices and other information for which may be had on application by Post or by personal interview disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Benares, Motiwalla's Chawl, near old Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

CERTIFICATE.

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure to say that your Medicine effected me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 12 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friend's.

Yours faithfully—(Sd.) H. W. WILLIAMS.

Bombay, 14th February 1910.

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Dear Doctor—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

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Yours faithfully,

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DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

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Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

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